



Low-Voltage SOT23 μ P Supervisors with Manual Reset and Watchdog Timer

MAX6821-MAX6825

General Description

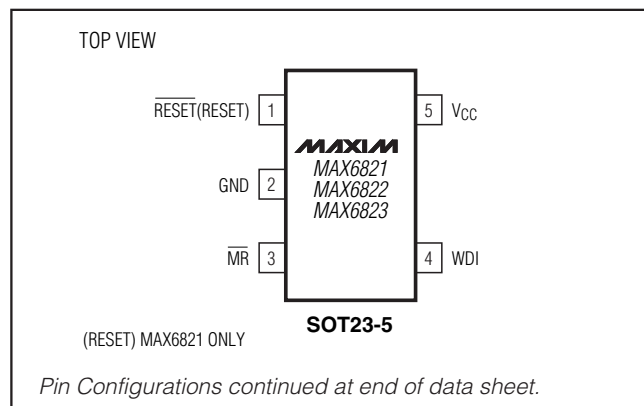
The MAX6821-MAX6825 are low-voltage microprocessor (μ P) supervisory circuits that combine voltage monitoring, watchdog timer, and manual reset input functions in a 5-pin SOT23 package. Microprocessor supervisory circuits significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components. These devices assert a reset signal whenever the monitored voltage drops below its preset threshold, keeping it asserted for a minimum timeout period after V_{CC} rises above the threshold. In addition, a watchdog timer monitors against code execution errors. A debounced manual reset is also available. The MAX6821-MAX6825 monitor voltages from +1.8V to +5.0V. These outputs are guaranteed to be in the correct state for V_{CC} down to +1.0V.

Nine preprogrammed reset threshold voltages are available (see the *Threshold Suffix Guide*). The MAX6821, MAX6822, and MAX6823 all have a manual reset input and a watchdog timer. The MAX6821 has push-pull RESET, the MAX6822 has open-drain RESET, and the MAX6823 has push-pull RESET. The MAX6824 has a watchdog timer and both push-pull RESET and push-pull RESET. The MAX6825 has a manual reset input and both push-pull RESET and push-pull RESET. The *Selector Guide* explains the functions offered in this series of parts.

Applications

Set-Top Boxes	Automotive Systems
Computers and Controllers	Critical μ P Monitoring
Embedded Controllers	Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment
Intelligent Instruments	

Pin Configurations



Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

Features

- ◆ Monitors +1.8V, +2.5V, +3.0V, +3.3V, +5.0V Supplies
- ◆ 140ms (min) Reset Timeout Delay
- ◆ 1.6s Watchdog Timeout Period (MAX6821/MAX6822/MAX6823/MAX6824)
- ◆ Manual Reset Input (MAX6821/MAX6822/MAX6823/MAX6825)
- ◆ Three Reset Output Options
 - Push-Pull RESET
 - Push-Pull RESET
 - Open-Drain RESET
- ◆ Guaranteed Reset Valid to V_{CC} = +1.0V
- ◆ Immune to Short Negative V_{CC} Transients
- ◆ No External Components
- ◆ Small 5-Pin SOT23 Packages

Ordering Information

PART*	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6821_UK-T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6822_UK-T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6823_UK-T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6824_UK-T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6825_UK-T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23-5

*Insert the desired suffix letter (from the table below) into the blank to complete the part number

Devices are available in both leaded and lead-free packaging. Specify lead-free by replacing "-T" with "+T" when ordering.

Threshold Suffix Guide

SUFFIX	RESET THRESHOLD (V)
L	4.63
M	4.38
T	3.08
S	2.93
R	2.63
Z	2.32
Y	2.19
W	1.67
V	1.58

Note: Bold indicates standard versions. Samples are typically available for standard versions only. All parts require a 2.5k minimum order increment. Contact factory for availability.

Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{CC} to GND-0.3V to +6.0V
 Open-Drain $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ -0.3V to +6.0V
 Push-Pull $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, RESET, $\overline{\text{MR}}$, WDI-0.3V to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)
 Input Current (V_{CC})20mA
 Output Current ($\overline{\text{RESET}}$, RESET)20mA
 Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
 5-Pin SOT23 (derate 7.1mW/°C above +70°C)571mW

Operating Temperature Range-40°C to +125°C
 Junction Temperature+150°C
 Storage Temperature Range-65°C to +150°C
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = +4.5V to +5.5V for MAX682_L/M, V_{CC} = +2.7V to +3.6V for MAX682_T/S/R, V_{CC} = +2.1V to +2.75V for MAX682_Z/Y, V_{CC} = +1.53V to +2.0V for MAX682_W/V, T_A = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage Range	V _{CC}	T _A = 0°C to +85°C		1.0		5.5	V
		T _A = -40°C to +125°C		1.2		5.5	
V _{CC} Supply Current ($\overline{\text{MR}}$ and WDI Unconnected)	I _{CC}	V _{CC} = +5.5V, no load	T _A = -40°C to +85°C		10	20	μ A
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C			30	
		V _{CC} = +3.6V, no load	T _A = -40°C to +85°C		7	16	
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C			25	
		V _{CC} = +3.6V, no load (MAX6825 only)	T _A = -40°C to +85°C		5	12	
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C			20	
V _{CC} Reset Threshold (V _{CC} Falling)	V _{TH}	MAX682_L	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	4.50	4.63	4.75	V
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	4.47	4.63	4.78	
		MAX682_M	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	4.25	4.38	4.50	
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	4.22	4.38	4.53	
		MAX682_T	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	3.00	3.08	3.15	
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	2.97	3.08	3.17	
		MAX682_S	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	2.85	2.93	3.00	
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	2.83	2.93	3.02	
		MAX682_R	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	2.55	2.63	2.70	
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	2.53	2.63	2.72	
		MAX682_Z	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	2.25	2.32	2.38	
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	2.24	2.32	2.40	
		MAX682_Y	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	2.12	2.19	2.25	
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	2.11	2.19	2.27	
		MAX682_W	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	1.62	1.67	1.71	
			T _A = -40°C to +125°C	1.61	1.67	1.72	
		MAX682_V	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	1.52	1.58	1.62	
Reset Threshold Temperature Coefficient					60		ppm/°C
Reset Threshold Hysteresis					2 × V _{TH}		mV
V _{CC} to Reset Output Delay	t _{RD}	V _{CC} = V _{TH} to (V _{TH} - 100mV)			20		μ s

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MAX6821-MAX6825

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$ for MAX682_L/M, $V_{CC} = +2.7V$ to $+3.6V$ for MAX682_T/S/R, $V_{CC} = +2.1V$ to $+2.75V$ for MAX682_Z/Y, $V_{CC} = +1.53V$ to $+2.0V$ for MAX682_W/V, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Reset Timeout Period	t _{RP}	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	140	200	280	ms
		T _A = -40°C to +125°C	100		320	
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output LOW (Push-Pull or Open-Drain)	V _{OL}	V _{CC} ≥ 1.0V, I _{SINK} = 50μA, reset asserted, T _A = 0°C to +85°C			0.3	V
		V _{CC} ≥ 1.2V, I _{SINK} = 100μA, reset asserted			0.3	
		V _{CC} ≥ 2.55V, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA, reset asserted			0.3	
		V _{CC} ≥ 4.25V, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA, reset asserted			0.4	
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output HIGH (Push-Pull Only)	V _{OH}	V _{CC} ≥ 1.8V, I _{SOURCE} = 200μA, reset not asserted	0.8 × V _{CC}			V
		V _{CC} ≥ 3.15V, I _{SOURCE} = 500μA, reset not asserted	0.8 × V _{CC}			
		V _{CC} ≥ 4.75V, I _{SOURCE} = 800μA, reset not asserted	0.8 × V _{CC}			
Open-Drain $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output Leakage Current (Note 1)	I _{LKG}	V _{CC} > V _{TH} , $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ not asserted			1.0	μA
RESET Output HIGH (Push-Pull Only)	V _{OH}	V _{CC} ≥ 1.0V, I _{SOURCE} = 1μA, reset asserted, T _A = 0°C to +85°C	0.8 × V _{CC}			V
		V _{CC} ≥ 1.50V, I _{SOURCE} = 100μA, reset asserted	0.8 × V _{CC}			
		V _{CC} ≥ 2.55V, I _{SOURCE} = 500μA, reset asserted	0.8 × V _{CC}			
		V _{CC} ≥ 4.25V, I _{SOURCE} = 800μA, reset asserted	0.8 × V _{CC}			
RESET Output LOW (Push-Pull Only)	V _{OL}	V _{CC} ≥ 1.8V, I _{SINK} = 500μA, reset not asserted			0.3	V
		V _{CC} ≥ 3.15V, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA, reset not asserted			0.3	
		V _{CC} ≥ 4.75V, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA, reset not asserted			0.4	
MANUAL RESET INPUT (MAX6821/MAX6822/MAX6823/MAX6825)						
$\overline{\text{MR}}$ Input Voltage	V _{IL}				0.3 × V _{CC}	V
	V _{IH}		0.7 × V _{CC}			
$\overline{\text{MR}}$ Minimum Input Pulse			1			μs
$\overline{\text{MR}}$ Glitch Rejection				100		ns
$\overline{\text{MR}}$ to Reset Delay				200		ns
$\overline{\text{MR}}$ Pullup Resistance			25	50	75	kΩ
WATCHDOG INPUT (MAX6821/MAX6822/MAX6823/MAX6824)						
Watchdog Timeout Period	t _{WD}	T _A = -40°C to +85°C	1.12	1.60	2.40	s
		T _A = -40°C to +125°C	0.80		2.60	
WDI Pulse Width (Note 2)	t _{WDI}		50			ns
WDI Input Voltage	V _{IL}				0.3 × V _{CC}	V
	V _{IH}		0.7 × V _{CC}			
WDI Input Current	I _{WDI}	WDI = V _{CC} , time average		120	160	μA
		WDI = 0, time average	-20	-15		

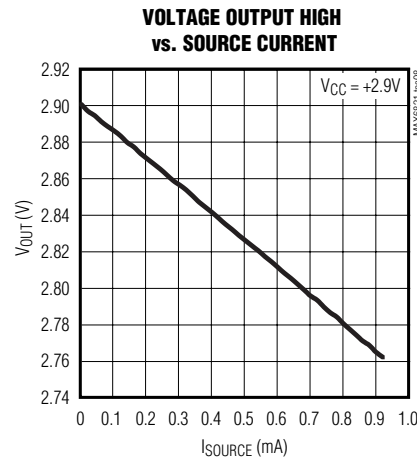
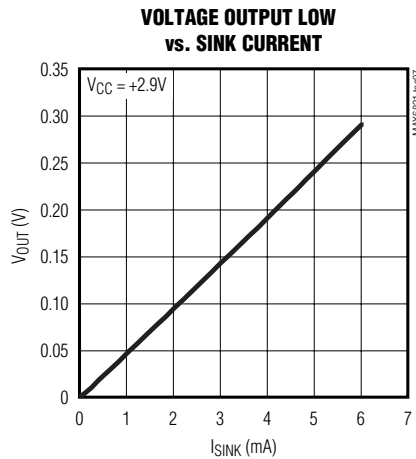
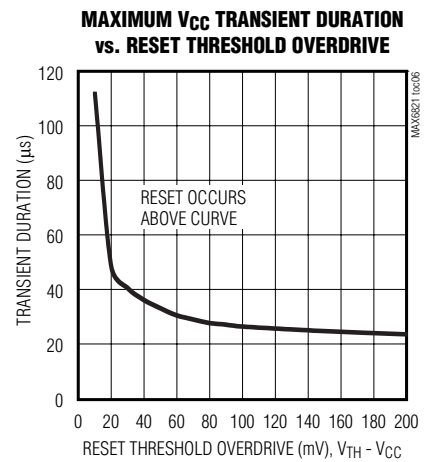
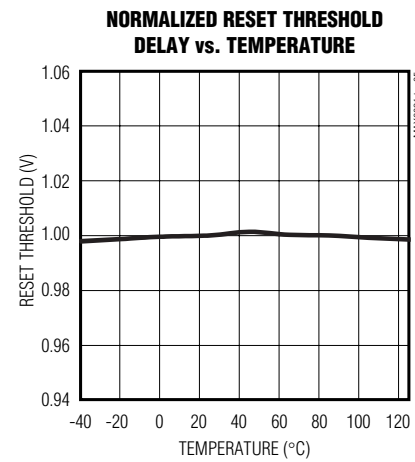
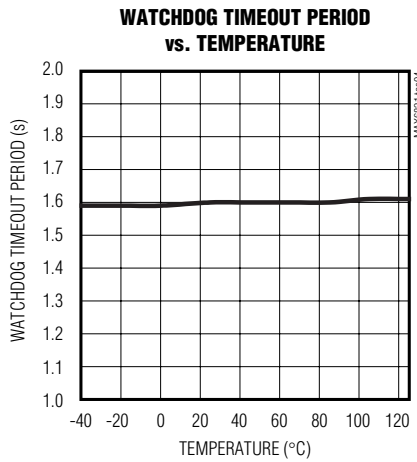
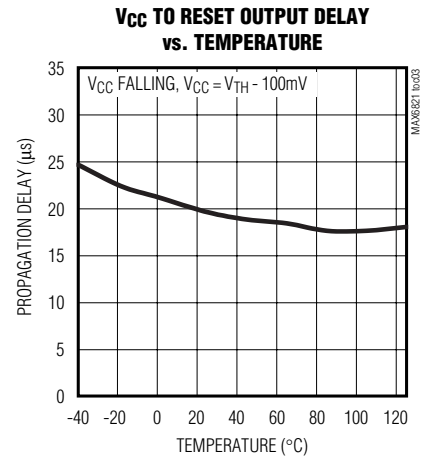
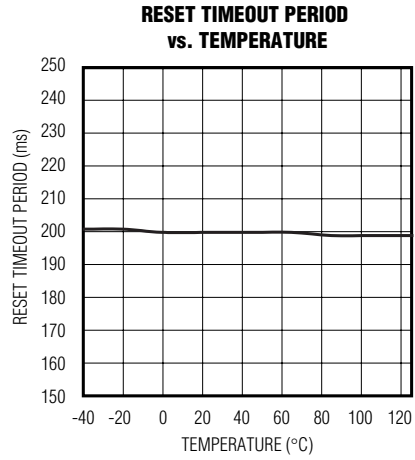
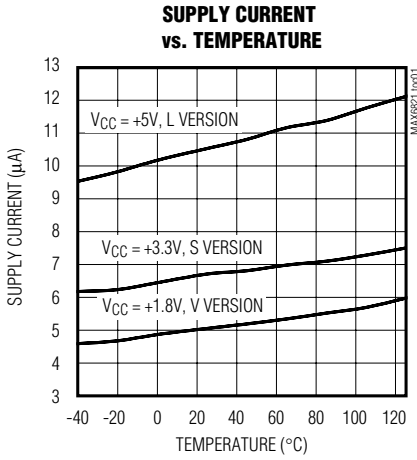
Note 1: Over-temperature limits are guaranteed by design and not production tested. Devices tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.

Note 2: Guaranteed by design and not production tested.

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Typical Operating Characteristics

($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)



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Pin Description

MAX6821–MAX6825

PIN NUMBERS					PIN NAME	FUNCTION
MAX6821	MAX6822	MAX6823	MAX6824	MAX6825		
	1	1	1	1	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Active-Low Open-Drain or Push-Pull Reset Output. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ changes from high to low when the V_{CC} input drops below the selected reset threshold, $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is pulled low, or the watchdog triggers a reset. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ remains low for the reset timeout period after V_{CC} exceeds the device reset threshold, $\overline{\text{MR}}$ goes low to high, or the watchdog triggers a reset.
1			3	3	RESET	Active-High Push-Pull Reset Output. RESET changes from low to high when the V_{CC} input drops below the selected reset threshold, $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is pulled low, or the watchdog triggers a reset. RESET remains high for the reset timeout period after V_{CC} exceeds the device reset threshold, $\overline{\text{MR}}$ goes low to high, or the watchdog triggers a reset.
2	2	2	2	2	GND	Ground
3	3	3		4	$\overline{\text{MR}}$	Active-Low Manual Reset Input. Internal 50k Ω pullup to V_{CC} . Pull low to force a reset. Reset remains active as long as $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low and for the reset timeout period after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ goes high. Leave unconnected or connect to V_{CC} if unused.
4	4	4	4		WDI	Watchdog Input. If WDI remains high or low for longer than the watchdog timeout period, the internal watchdog timer runs out and a reset is triggered for the reset timeout period. The internal watchdog timer clears whenever reset is asserted, the manual reset is asserted, or WDI sees a rising or falling edge. If WDI is left unconnected or is connected to a three-stated buffer output, the watchdog feature is disabled.
5	5	5	5	5	V_{CC}	Supply Voltage and Input for Reset Threshold Monitor

Detailed Description

$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET Output

A μ P's reset input starts the μ P in a known state. The MAX6821–MAX6825 μ P supervisory circuits assert a reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions. Whenever V_{CC} falls below the reset threshold, the reset output asserts low for $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and high for RESET. Once V_{CC} exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps the reset output asserted for the specified reset timeout period (t_{RP}); after this interval, reset output returns to its original state (see Figure 2).

Manual Reset Input

Many μ P-based products require manual reset capability, allowing the operator, a test technician, or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. On the MAX6821/MAX6822/MAX6823/MAX6825, a logic low on $\overline{\text{MR}}$ asserts a reset. Reset remains asserted while $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low, and for the timeout period (140ms min) after it

returns high. $\overline{\text{MR}}$ has an internal 50k Ω pullup resistor, so it can be left open if not used. This input can be driven with CMOS logic levels or with open-drain/collector outputs. Connect a normally open momentary switch from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to GND to create a manual reset function; external debounce circuitry is not required. If $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is driven from long cables or the device is used in a noisy environment, connect a 0.1 μ F capacitor from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to GND to provide additional noise immunity.

Watchdog Input

In the MAX6821–MAX6824, the watchdog circuit monitors the μ P's activity. If the μ P does not toggle (low to high or high to low) the watchdog input (WDI) within the watchdog timeout period (1.6s nominal), reset asserts for the reset timeout period. The internal 1.6s timer can be cleared by either a reset pulse or by toggling WDI. The WDI can detect pulses as short as 50ns. While reset is asserted, the timer remains cleared and does not count. As soon as reset is released, the timer starts counting (see Figure 3).

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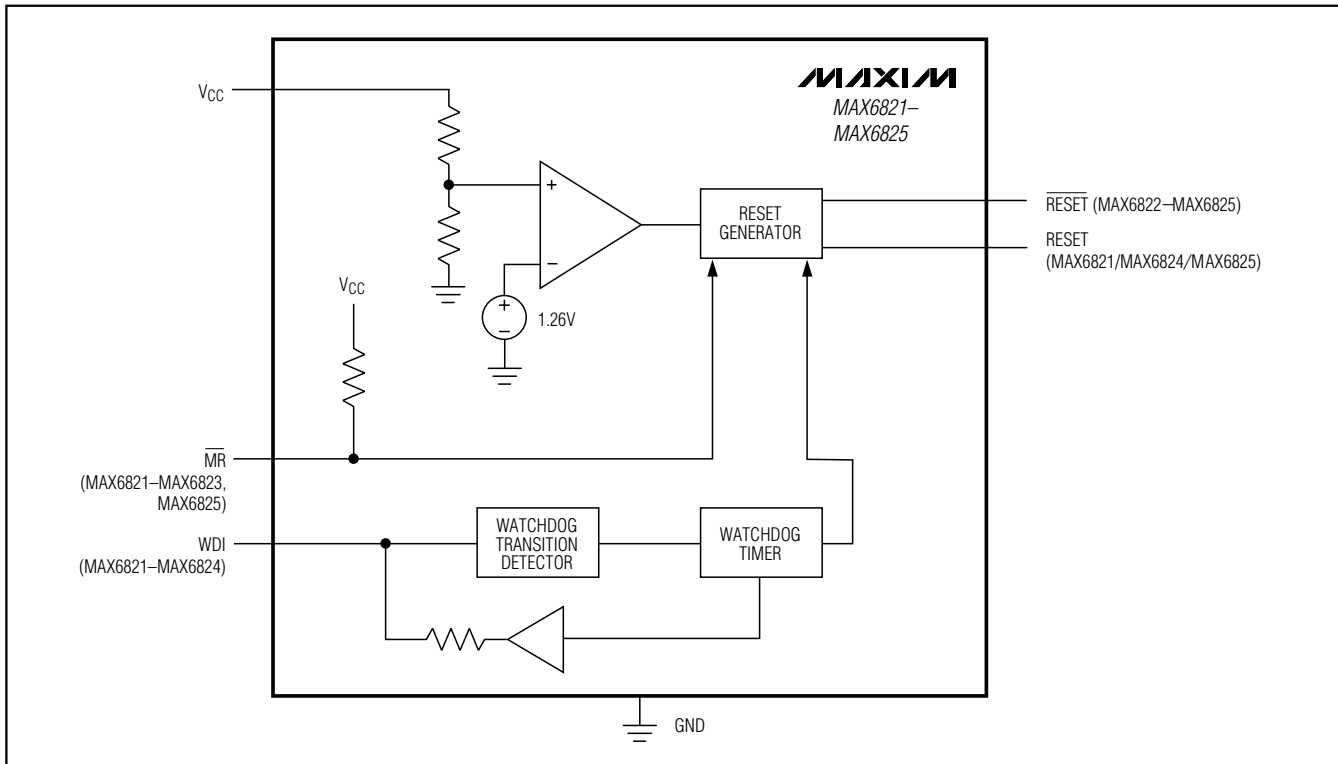


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

Disable the watchdog function by leaving WDI unconnected or by three-stating the driver connected to WDI. The watchdog input is internally driven low during the first 7/8 of the watchdog timeout period and high for the last 1/8 of the watchdog timeout period. When WDI is left unconnected, this internal driver clears the 1.6s timer every 1.4s. When WDI is three-stated or unconnected, the maximum allowable leakage current is 10 μ A and the maximum allowable load capacitance is 200pF.

Applications Information

Watchdog Input Current

The MAX6821/MAX6822/MAX6823/MAX6824 WDI inputs are internally driven through a buffer and series resistor from the watchdog timer (Figure 1). When WDI is left unconnected, the watchdog timer is serviced within the watchdog timeout period by a low-high-low pulse from the counter chain. For minimum watchdog input current (minimum overall power consumption), leave WDI low for the majority of the watchdog timeout period, pulsing it low-high-low once within the first 7/8 of the watchdog timeout period to reset the watchdog timer. If WDI is externally driven high for the majority of the timeout period, up to 160 μ A can flow into WDI.

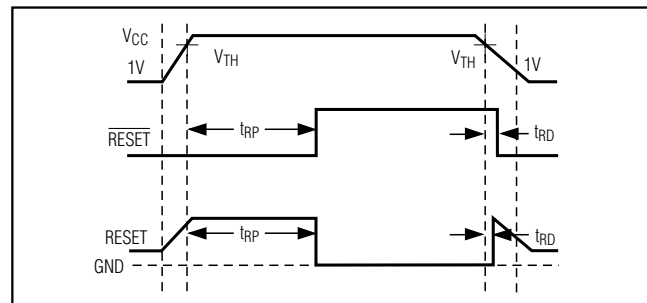


Figure 2. Reset Timing Diagram

Interfacing to μ Ps with Bidirectional Reset Pins

Since the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output on the MAX6822 is open drain, it interfaces easily with μ Ps that have bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11. Connecting the μ P supervisor's $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output directly to the microcontroller's $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin with a single pullup resistor allows either device to assert reset (see Figure 4).

Negative-Going VCC Transients

These supervisors are relatively immune to short-duration, negative-going VCC transients (glitches), which usually do not require the entire system to shut down.

Low-Voltage SOT23 μ P Supervisors with Manual Reset and Watchdog Timer

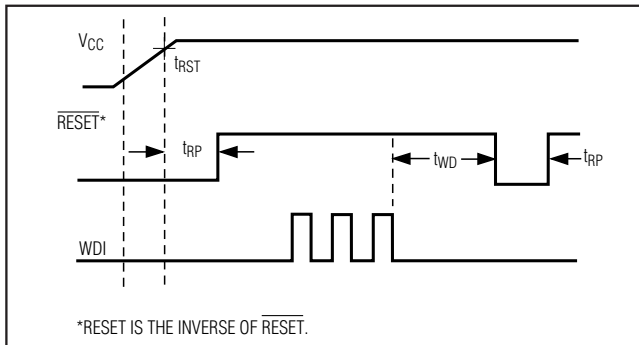


Figure 3. Watchdog Timing Relationship

Resets are issued to the μ P during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions. The *Typical Operating Characteristics* show a graph of the MAX6821-MAX6825's Maximum V_{CC} Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive, for which reset pulses are not generated. The graph was produced using negative-going V_{CC} pulses, starting at the standard monitored voltage and ending below the reset threshold by the magnitude indicated (reset threshold overdrive). The graph shows the maximum pulse width that a negative-going V_{CC} transient can typically have without triggering a reset pulse. As the amplitude of the transient increases (i.e., goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, a V_{CC} transient that goes 100mV below the reset threshold and lasts for 20 μ s or less will not trigger a reset pulse.

Watchdog Software Considerations

One way to help the watchdog timer monitor software execution more closely is to set and reset the watchdog input at different points in the program, rather than pulsing the watchdog input high-low-high or low-high-low. This technique avoids a stuck loop, in which the watchdog timer would continue to be reset inside the loop, keeping the watchdog from timing out.

Figure 5 shows an example of a flow diagram where the I/O driving the watchdog input is set high at the beginning of the program, set low at the beginning of every subroutine or loop, then set high again when the program returns to the beginning. If the program should hang in any subroutine, the problem would quickly be corrected, since the I/O is continually set low and the watchdog timer is allowed to time out, causing a reset or interrupt to be issued. As described in the Watchdog Input Current section, this scheme results in higher time average WDI input current than does leaving WDI low for the majority of the timeout period and periodically pulsing it low-high-low.

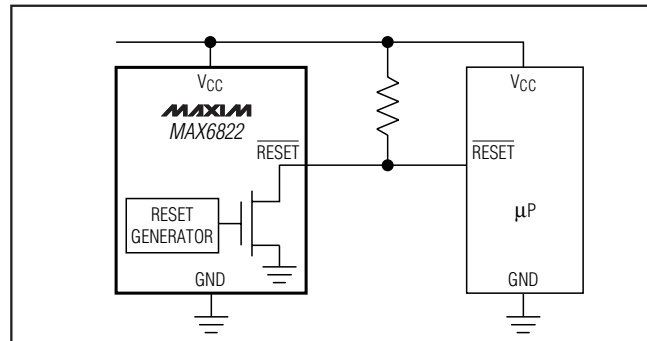


Figure 4. Interfacing Open-Drain $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ to μ Ps with Bidirectional Reset I/O

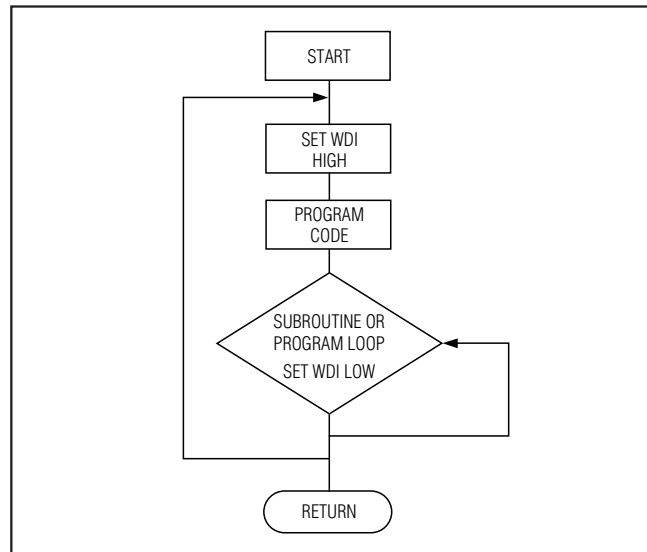
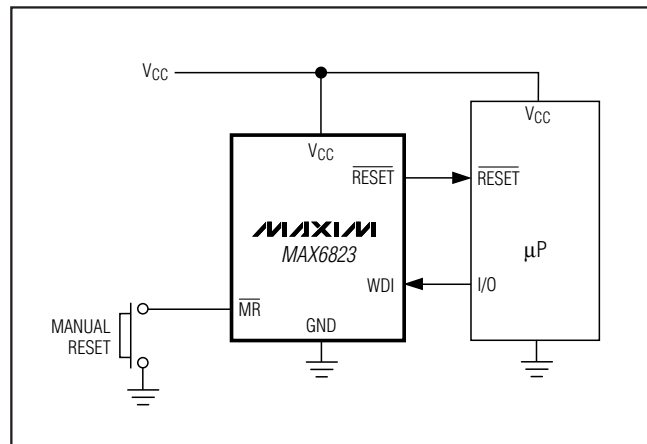


Figure 5. Watchdog Flow Diagram

Typical Operating Circuit

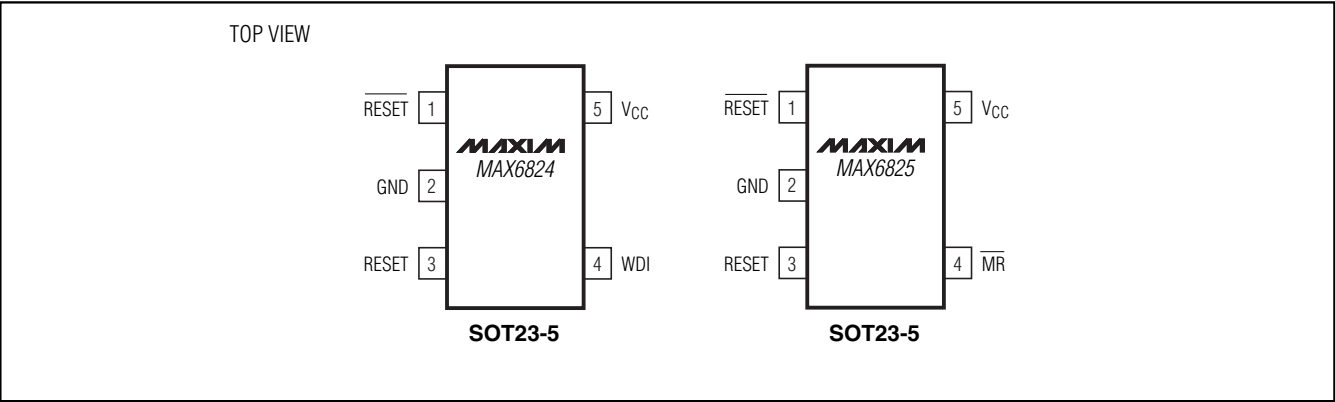


Low-Voltage SOT23 μ P Supervisors with Manual Reset and Watchdog Timer

Selector Guide

FUNCTION	ACTIVE-LOW RESET	ACTIVE-HIGH RESET	OPEN-DRAIN RESET	WATCHDOG INPUT	MANUAL RESET INPUT
MAX6821	—	✓	—	✓	✓
MAX6822	—	—	✓	✓	✓
MAX6823	✓	—	—	✓	✓
MAX6824	✓	✓	—	✓	—
MAX6825	✓	✓	—	—	✓

Pin Configurations (continued)



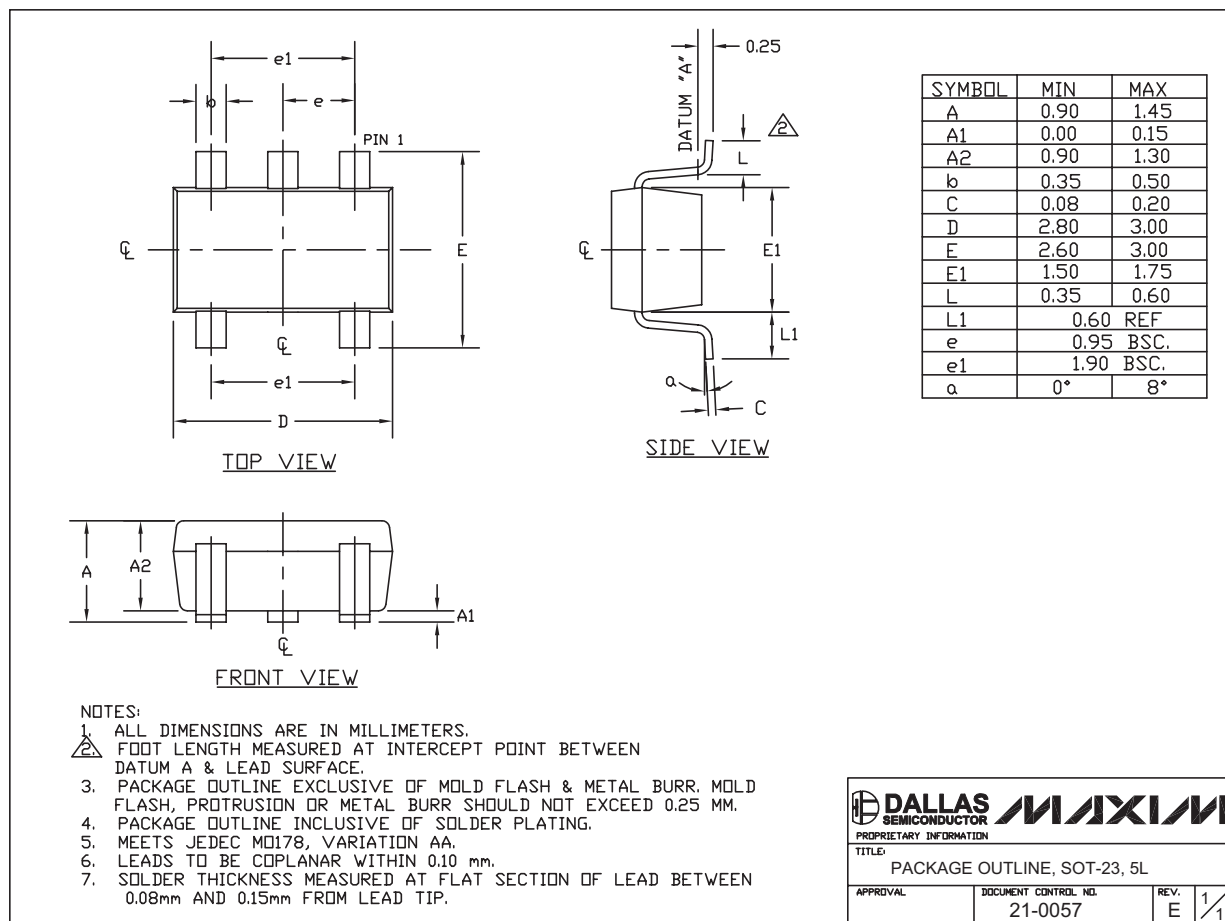
Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 750
PROCESS: BiCMOS

Ultra-Low-Voltage SOT23 μ P Supervisor with Manual Reset and Watchdog Timer

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



SOT-23 5L .EPS

MAX6821-MAX6825

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