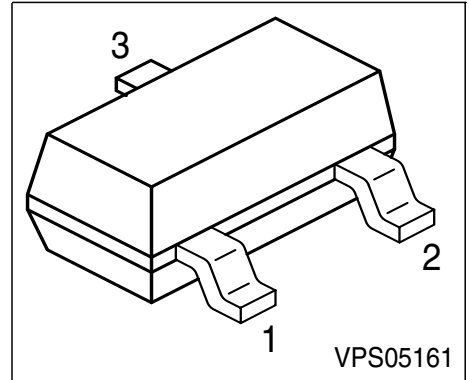


**PNP Silicon AF Transistor**

- For AF input stages and driver applications
- High current gain
- Low collector-emitter saturation voltage
- Low noise between 30 Hz and 15 kHz
- Complementary types: BCW60, BCX70 (NPN)



Type	Marking	Pin Configuration			Package
		1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	
BCW 61A	BAs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23
BCW 61B	BBs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23
BCW 61C	BCs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23
BCW 61D	BDs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23
BCW 61FF	BFs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23
BCW 61FN	BNs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23
BCX 71G	BGs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23
BCX 71H	BHs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23
BCX 71J	BJs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23
BCX 71K	BKs	1 = B	2 = E	3 = C	SOT23

**Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	BCW61	BCW61FF	BCX71	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CEO}$	32	32	45	V
Collector-base voltage	$V_{CBO}$	32	32	45	
Emitter-base voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5	5	5	
DC collector current	$I_C$	100			mA
Peak collector current	$I_{CM}$	200			mA
Peak base current	$I_{BM}$	200			
Total power dissipation, $T_S = 71\text{ °C}$	$P_{tot}$	330			mW
Junction temperature	$T_j$	150			°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 ... 150			

**Thermal Resistance**

Junction - soldering point <sup>1)</sup>	$R_{thJS}$	≤240	K/W
--	------------	------	-----

**Electrical Characteristics** at  $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	

**DC Characteristics**

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	32	-	-	V
<b>BCW61/61FF</b> <b>BCX71</b>		45	-	-	
Collector-base breakdown voltage $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $I_B = 0$	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	32	-	-	
<b>BCW61/61FF</b> <b>BCX71</b>		45	-	-	
Emitter-base breakdown voltage $I_E = 1\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $I_C = 0$	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	5	-	-	

<sup>1</sup>For calculation of  $R_{thJA}$  please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

**Electrical Characteristics** at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>AC Characteristics</b>					
Collector cutoff current $V_{CB} = 32\text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 45\text{ V}, I_E = 0$	$I_{CBO}$	-	-	20	nA
	<b>BCW61/61FF</b>	-	-	20	
	<b>BCX71</b>	-	-	20	
Collector cutoff current $V_{CB} = 32\text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CB} = 45\text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{CBO}$	-	-	20	$\mu\text{A}$
	<b>BCW61/61FF</b>	-	-	20	
	<b>BCX71</b>	-	-	20	
Emitter cutoff current $V_{EB} = 4\text{ V}, I_C = 0$	$I_{EBO}$	-	-	20	nA
DC current gain 1) $I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	$h_{FE}$	20	140	-	-
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>A/G</b>	30	200	-	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>B/H</b>	40	300	-	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>C/J/FF</b>	100	460	-	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>D/K/FN</b>				
DC current gain 1) $I_C = 2\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	$h_{FE}$	120	170	220	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>A/G</b>	180	250	310	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>B/H</b>	250	350	460	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>C/J/FF</b>	380	500	630	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>D/K/FN</b>				
DC current gain 1) $I_C = 50\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$	$h_{FE}$	60	-	-	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>A/G</b>	80	-	-	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>B/H</b>	100	-	-	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>C/J/FF</b>	110	-	-	
	$h_{FE}$ -grp. <b>D/K/FN</b>				

1) Pulse test:  $t \leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$ ,  $D = 2\%$

**Electrical Characteristics** at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

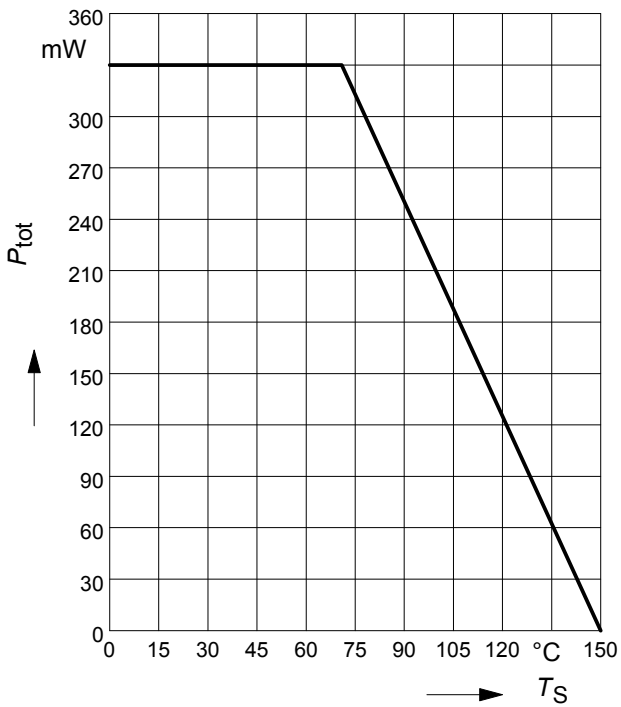
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Characteristics</b>					
Collector-emitter saturation voltage1) $I_C = 10\text{ mA}, I_B = 0.25\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 50\text{ mA}, I_B = 1.25\text{ mA}$	$V_{CEsat}$	-	0.12 0.2	0.25 0.55	V
Base-emitter saturation voltage 1) $I_C = 10\text{ mA}, I_B = 0.25\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 50\text{ mA}, I_B = 1.25\text{ mA}$	$V_{BEsat}$	-	0.7 0.83	0.85 1.05	
Base-emitter voltage 1) $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ $I_C = 50\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$	$V_{BE(ON)}$	- 0.55 -	0.52 0.65 0.78	- 0.75 -	
<b>AC Characteristics</b>					
Transition frequency $I_C = 20\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}, f = 100\text{ MHz}$	$f_T$	-	250	-	MHz
Collector-base capacitance $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$C_{cb}$	-	3	-	pF
Emitter-base capacitance $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$C_{eb}$	-	8	-	
Short-circuit input impedance $I_C = 2\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ kHz}$	$h_{FE-grp.}$ <b>A/G</b> <b>B/H</b> <b>C/J/FF</b> <b>D/K/FN</b>	$h_{11e}$	- 2.7 3.6 4.5 7.5	- - - -	k $\Omega$
Open-circuit reverse voltage transf.ratio $I_C = 2\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ kHz}$	$h_{FE-grp.}$ <b>A/G</b> <b>B/H</b> <b>C/J/FF</b> <b>D/K/FN</b>	$h_{12e}$	- 1.5 2 2 3	- - - -	$10^{-4}$

 1) Pulse test:  $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$ ,  $D = 2\%$

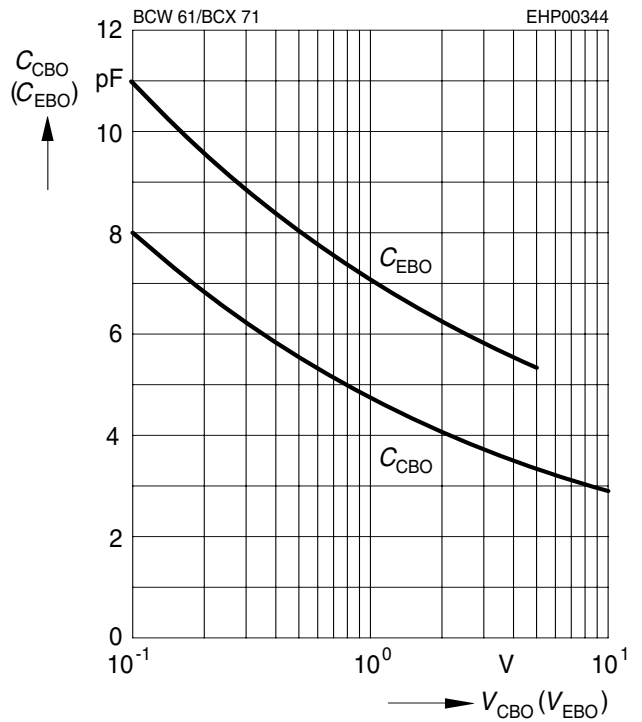
**Electrical Characteristics** at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	
		min.	typ.	max.		
<b>AC Characteristics</b>						
Short-circuit forward current transf.ratio $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	$h_{FE-grp.}$	$h_{21e}$				-
	<b>A/G</b>		-	200	-	
	<b>B/H</b>		-	260	-	
	<b>C/J/FF</b>		-	330	-	
	<b>D/K/FN</b>		-	520	-	
Open-circuit output admittance $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	$h_{FE-grp.}$	$h_{22e}$				$\mu\text{S}$
	<b>A/G</b>		-	18	-	
	<b>B/H</b>		-	24	-	
	<b>C/J/FF</b>		-	30	-	
	<b>D/K/FN</b>		-	50	-	
Noise figure $I_C = 200\ \mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $\Delta f = 200\text{ Hz}$	$h_{FE-grp.}$	$F$				dB
	<b>A/K</b>		-	2	-	
	<b>FF/FN</b>		-	1	2	
Equivalent noise voltage $I_C = 200\ \mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 10 \dots 50\text{ Hz}$	$h_{FE-grp.}$	$V_n$	-	-	0.11	$\mu\text{V}$
	<b>FF/FN</b>					

**Total power dissipation  $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$**

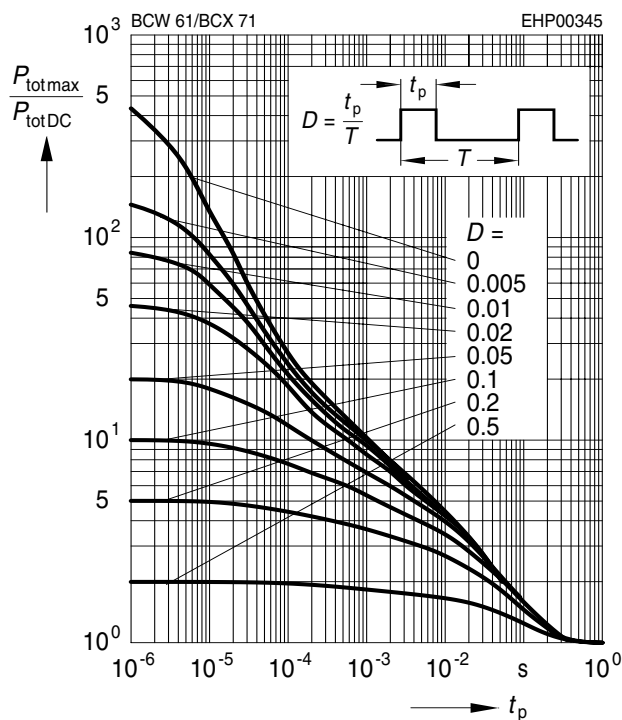


**Collector-base capacitance  $C_{CB} = f(V_{CBO})$   
Emitter-base capacitance  $C_{EB} = f(V_{EBO})$**



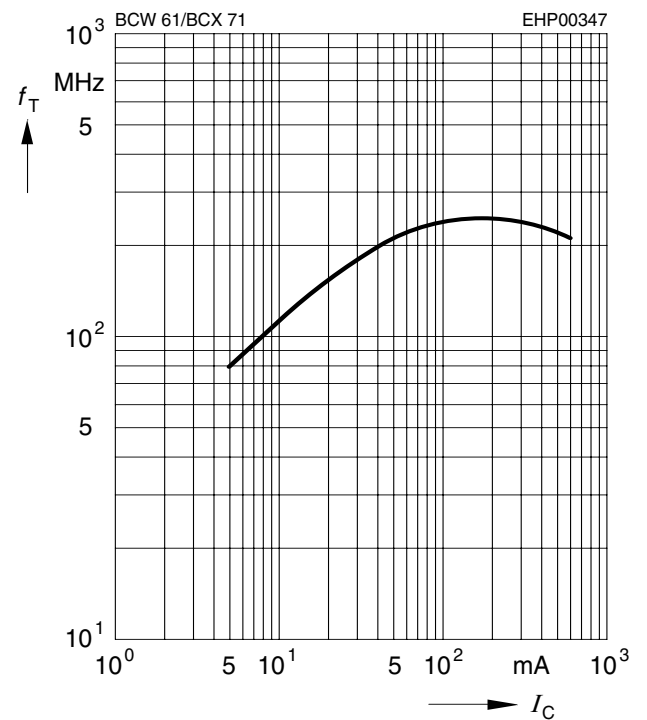
**Permissible pulse load**

$P_{totmax} / P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$



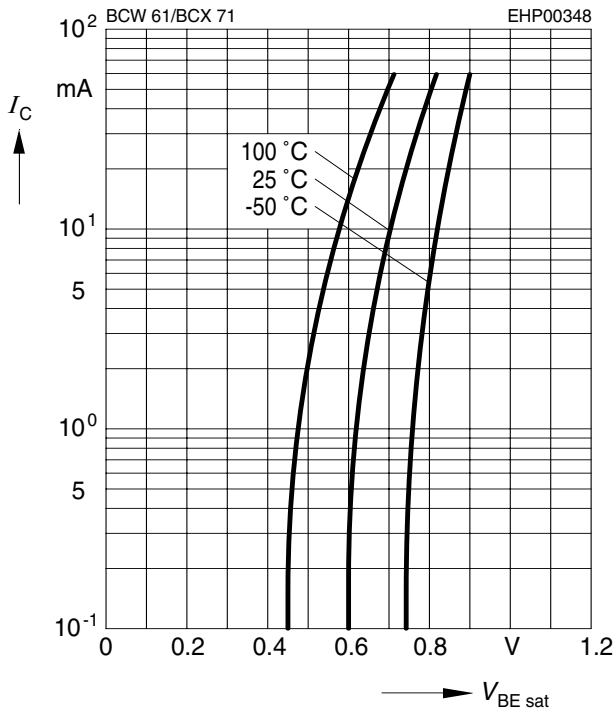
**Transition frequency  $f_T = f(I_C)$**

$V_{CE} = 5V$



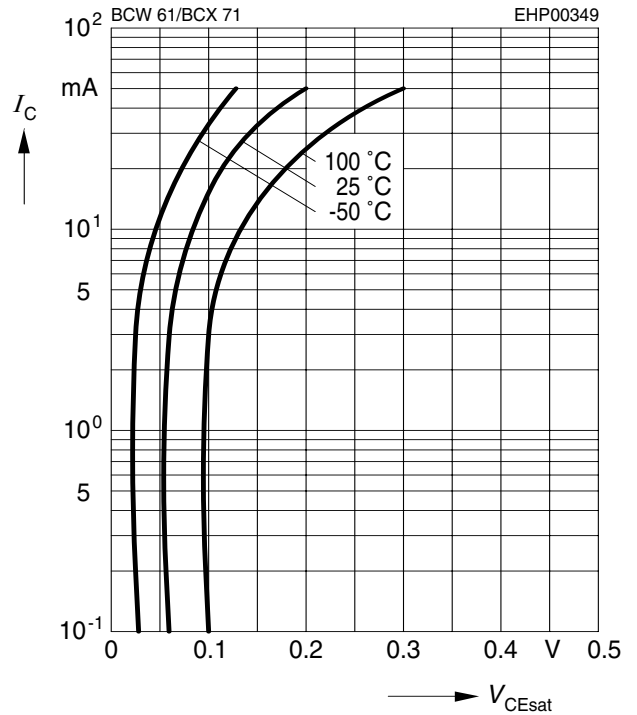
**Base-emitter saturation voltage**

$I_C = f(V_{BEsat}), h_{FE} = 40$



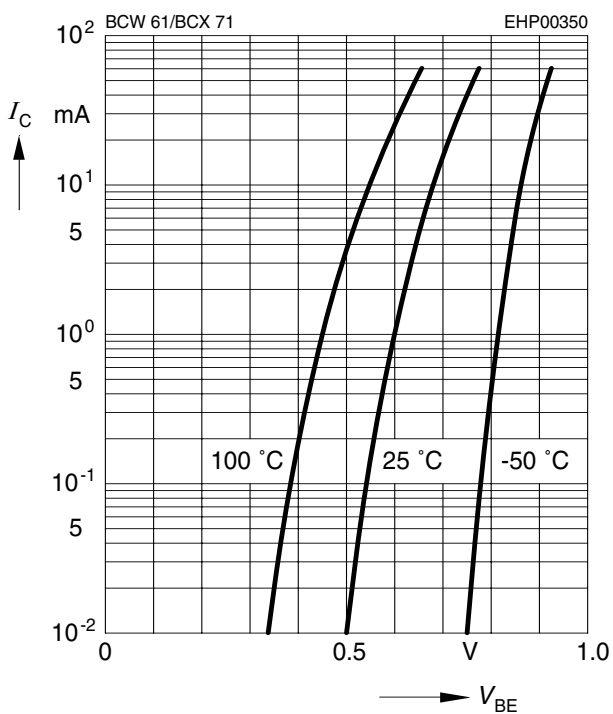
**Collector-emitter saturation voltage**

$I_C = f(V_{CEsat}), h_{FE} = 40$



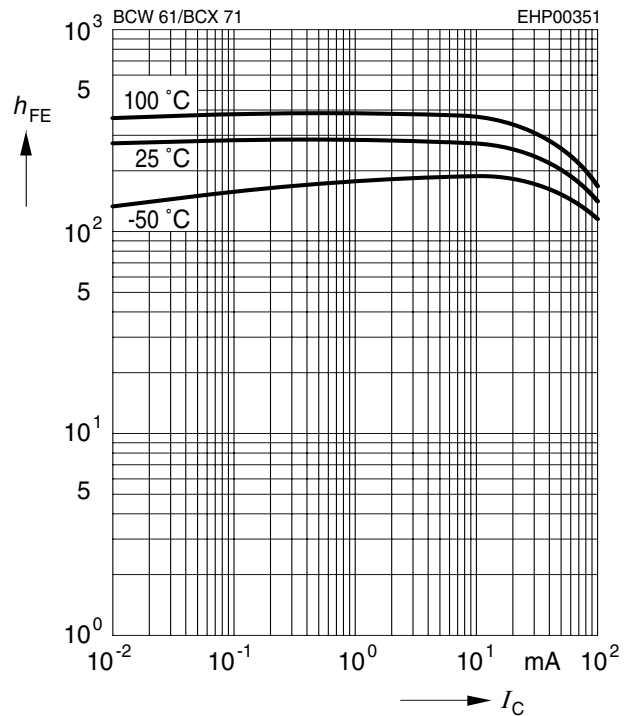
**Collector current  $I_C = f(V_{BE})$**

$V_{CE} = 5V$



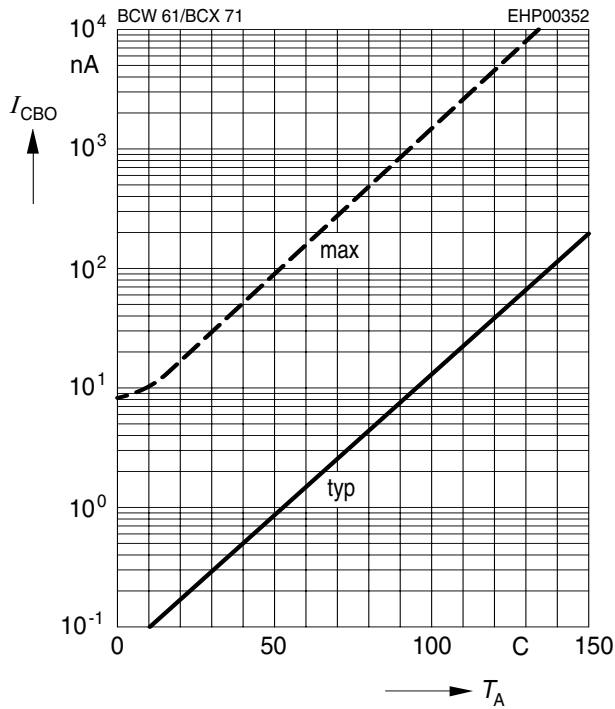
**DC current gain  $h_{FE} = f(I_C)$**

$V_{CE} = 5V$



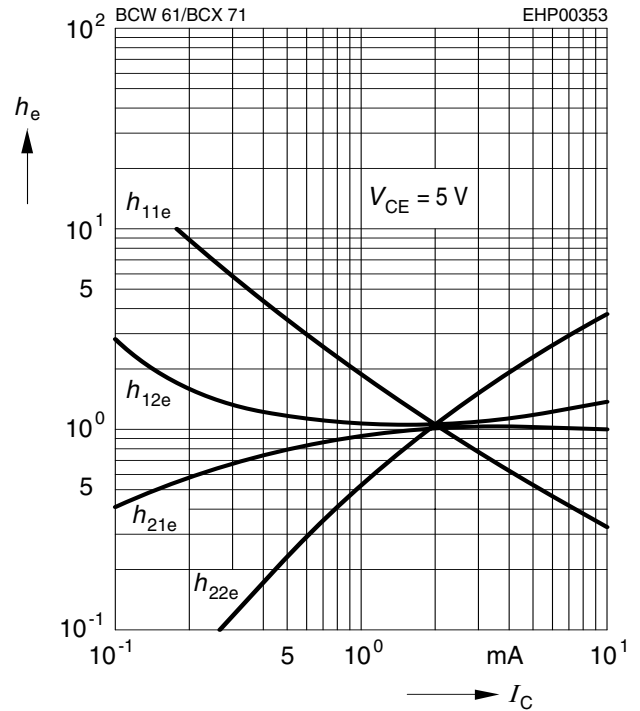
**Collector cutoff current  $I_{CBO} = f(T_A)$**

$V_{CB} = V_{CEmax}$



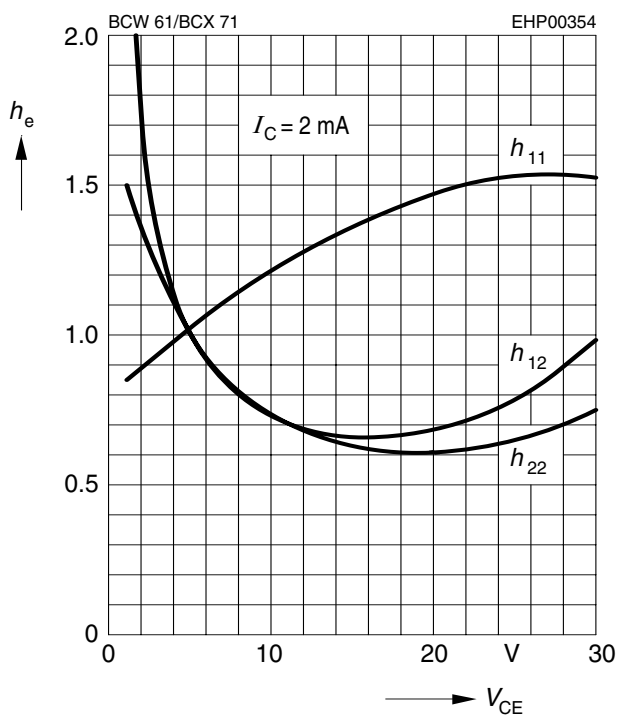
**h parameter  $h_e = f(I_C)$  normalized**

$V_{CE} = 5V$



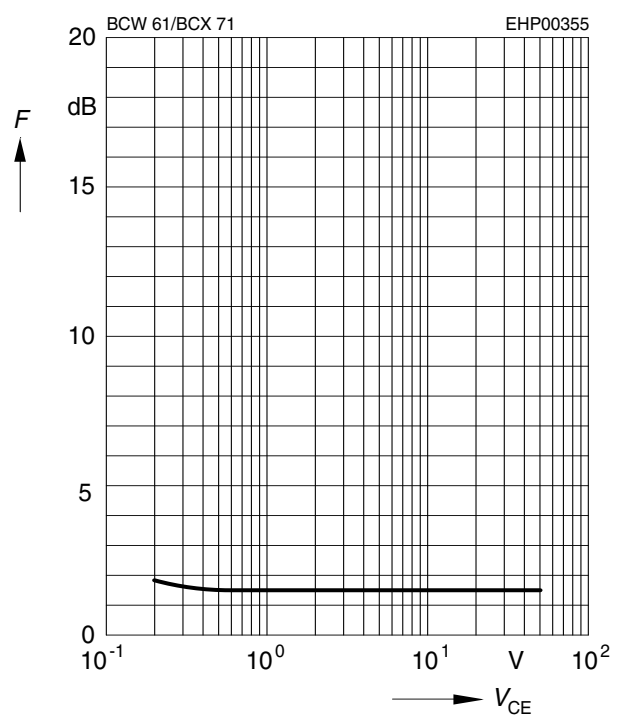
**h parameter  $h_e = f(V_{CE})$  normalized**

$I_C = 2mA$



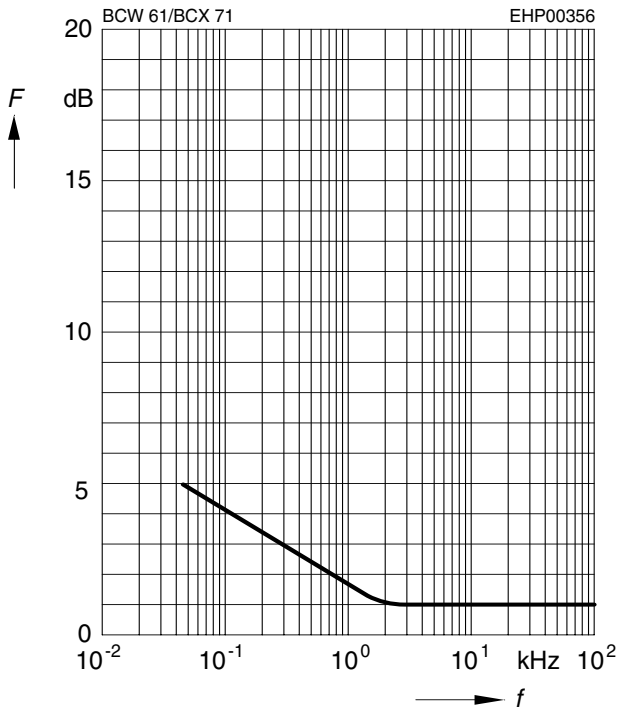
**Noise figure  $F = f(V_{CE})$**

$I_C = 0.2mA, R_S = 2k\Omega, f = 1kHz$



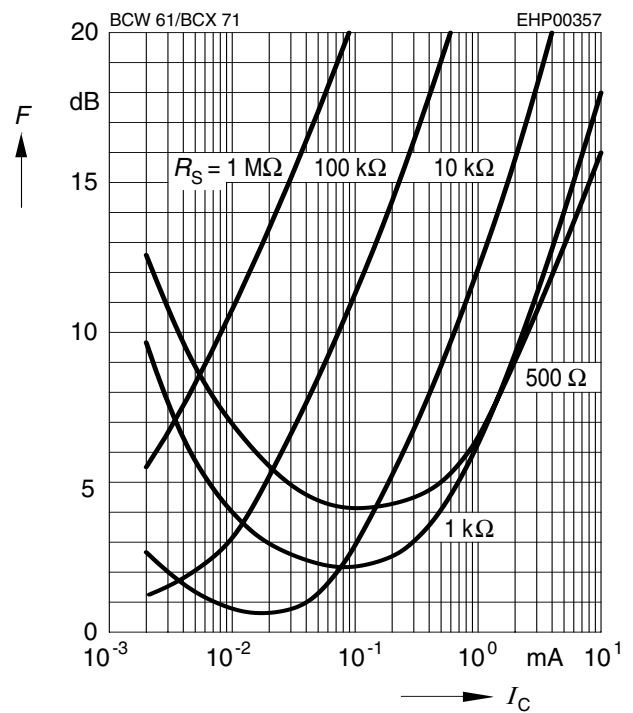
**Noise figure  $F = f(f)$**

$I_C = 0.2\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $R_S = 2\text{k}\Omega$



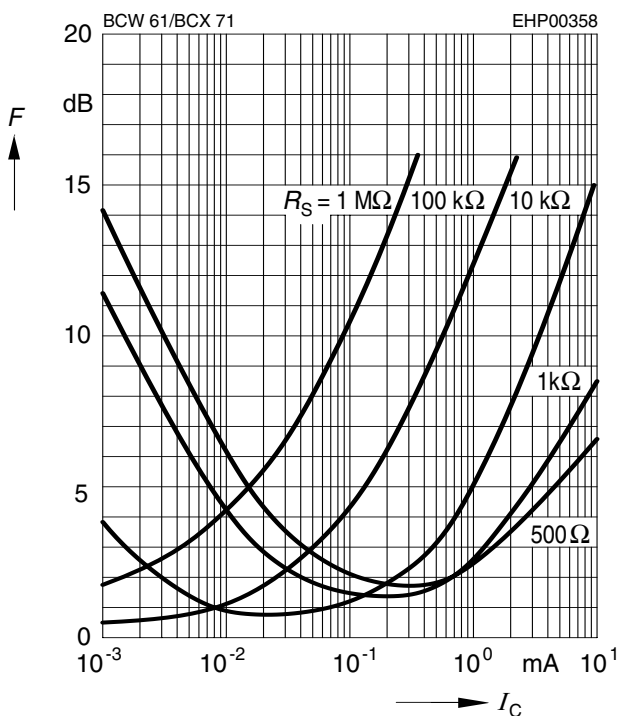
**Noise figure  $F = f(I_C)$**

$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $f = 120\text{Hz}$



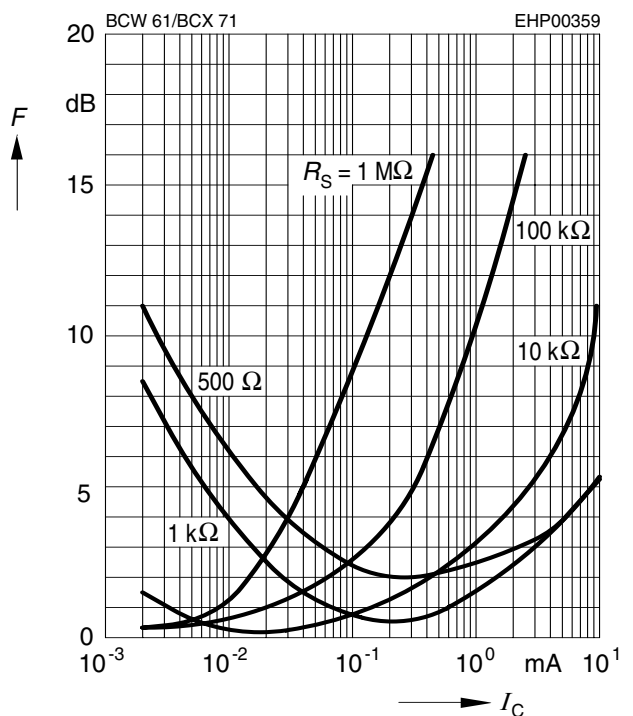
**Noise figure  $F = f(I_C)$**

$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{kHz}$

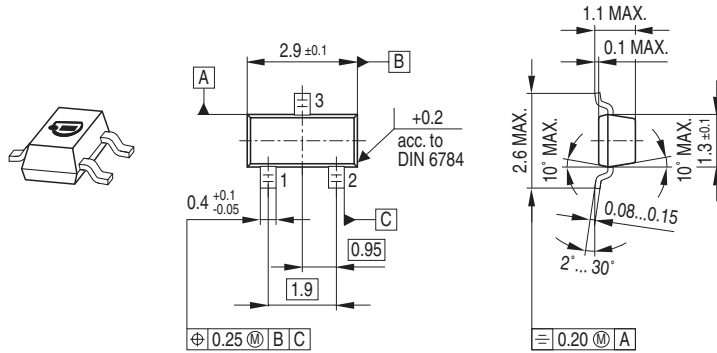


**Noise figure  $F = f(I_C)$**

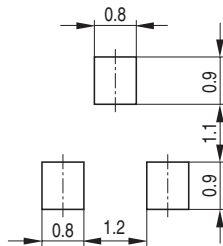
$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $f = 10\text{kHz}$



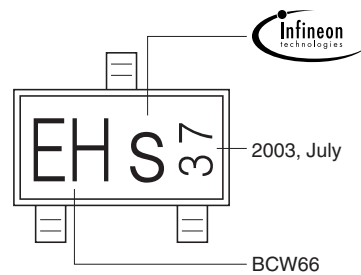
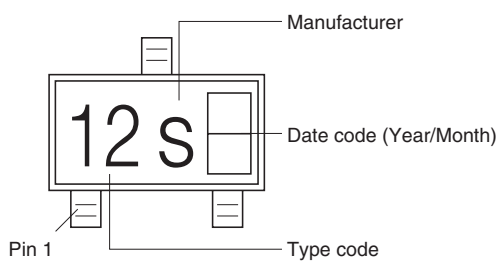
### Package Outline



### Foot Print



### Marking Layout

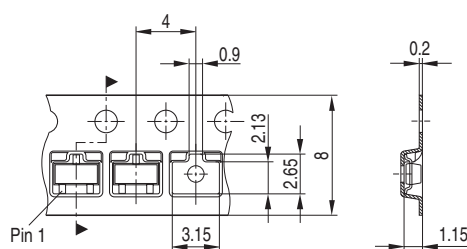


Example

### Packing

Code E6327: Reel  $\varnothing$ 180 mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel

Code E6433: Reel  $\varnothing$ 330 mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel



Published by Infineon Technologies AG,  
St.-Martin-Strasse 53,  
81669 München  
© Infineon Technologies AG 2005.  
All Rights Reserved.

### **Attention please!**

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as a guarantee of characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to technical change reserved.

We hereby disclaim any and all warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein.

### **Information**

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office ([www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)).

### **Warnings**

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.