



# Winstar Display Co., LTD

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### SPECIFICATION

**CUSTOMER :** \_\_\_\_\_

**MODULE NO.:** WG12232C-YYH-N#A

<p align="center"><b>APPROVED BY:</b></p> <p>( FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY )</p>	<p><b>PCB VERSION:</b> _____</p> <p><b>DATA:</b> _____</p>
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SALES BY	APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	SUMMARY
A	2010.05.21	10	Correct Block Diagram

MODLE NO :

**RECORDS OF REVISION**

**DOC. FIRST ISSUE**

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	SUMMARY
0	2007/9/14		First issue
A	2010.05.21	10	Correct Block Diagram

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# 1.Module Classification Information

W G    1 2 2 3 2    C - Y Y H -    N#A  
 ① ②                    ③                    ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦                    ⑧

- ① Brand : WINSTAR DISPLAY CORPORATION
- ② Display Type : H→Character Type, G→Graphic Type
- ③ Display Font : 122 x 32 dots
- ④ Model serials no.
- ⑤ Backlight Type :    N→Without backlight                    T→LED, White  
                                   B→EL, Blue green                                A→LED, Amber  
                                   D→EL, Green                                        R→LED, Red  
                                   W→EL, White                                        O→LED, Orange  
                                   F→CCFL, White                                    G→LED, Green  
                                   Y→LED, Yellow Green
- ⑥ LCD Mode :            B→TN Positive, Gray                    T→FSTN Negative  
                                   N→TN Negative,  
                                   G→STN Positive, Gray  
                                   Y→STN Positive, Yellow Green  
                                   M→STN Negative, Blue  
                                   F→FSTN Positive
- ⑦ LCD Polarizer        A→Reflective, N.T, 6:00                    H→Transflective, W.T,6:00  
   Type/ Temperature    D→Reflective, N.T, 12:00                    K→Transflective, W.T,12:00  
   range/ View            G→Reflective, W. T, 6:00                    C→Transmissive, N.T,6:00  
   direction                J→Reflective, W. T, 12:00                    F→Transmissive, N.T,12:00  
                                   B→Transflective, N.T,6:00                    I→Transmissive, W. T, 6:00  
                                   E→Transflective, N.T.12:00                    L→Transmissive, W.T,12:00
- ⑧ Special Code        N : Without Negative Voltage    A: Avant    IC  
                                   #:Fit in with the ROHS Directions and regulations

## **2.Precautions in use of LCD Modules**

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of LCD module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the LCM.
- (4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5) Don't drop, bend or twist LCM.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8) Winstar have the right to change the passive components  
(Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (9) Winstar have the right to change the PCB Rev.

## **3.General Specification**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Dimension</b>	<b>Unit</b>
Number of Characters	122 x 32 dots	—
Module dimension	84.0 x 44.0 x 13.7(MAX)	mm
View area	60.0 x 18.0	mm
Active area	53.64 x 15.64	mm
Dot size	0.4 x 0.45	mm
Dot pitch	0.44 x 0.49	mm
LCD type	STN Positive, Yellow Green Transflective (In LCD production, It will occur slightly color difference. We can only guarantee the same color in the same batch.)	
Duty	1/32	
View direction	6 o'clock	
Backlight Type	LED Yellow Green	

## **4. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Temperature	$T_{OP}$	-20	—	+70	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{ST}$	-30	—	+80	°C
Input Voltage	$V_I$	0	—	$V_{DD}$	V
Supply Voltage For Logic	$V_{DD}$	0	—	6.7	V
Supply Voltage For LCD	$V_{DD}-V_{LCD}$	0	—	-10	V

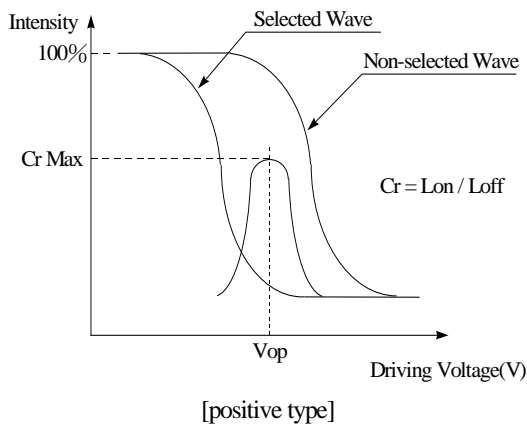
## **5. Electrical Characteristics**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage For Logic	$V_{DD}-V_{SS}$	—	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply Voltage For LCD	$V_{DD}-V_0$	$T_a=-20^{\circ}\text{C}$	—	—	5.5	V
		$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	—	4.5	—	V
		$T_a=+70^{\circ}\text{C}$	3.9	—	—	V
Input High Volt.	$V_{IH}$	—	2.0	—	$V_{DD}$	V
Input Low Volt.	$V_{IL}$	—	0	—	1.2	V
Output High Volt.	$V_{OH}$	—	$V_{DD}-0.3$	—	$V_{DD}$	V
Output Low Volt.	$V_{OL}$	—	0	—	0.3	V
Supply Current	$I_{DD}$	—	—	5.0	—	mA

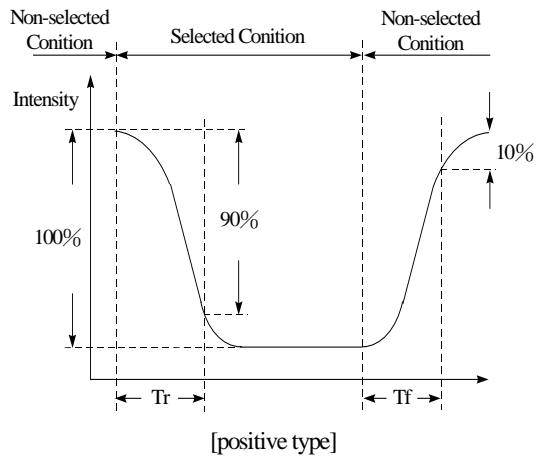
# 6. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V) $\theta$	$CR \geq 2$	20	—	40	deg
	(H) $\varphi$	$CR \geq 2$	-30	—	30	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	—	—	3	—	—
Response Time	T rise	—	—	100	150	ms
	T fall	—	—	100	150	ms

### Definition of Operation Voltage (Vop)



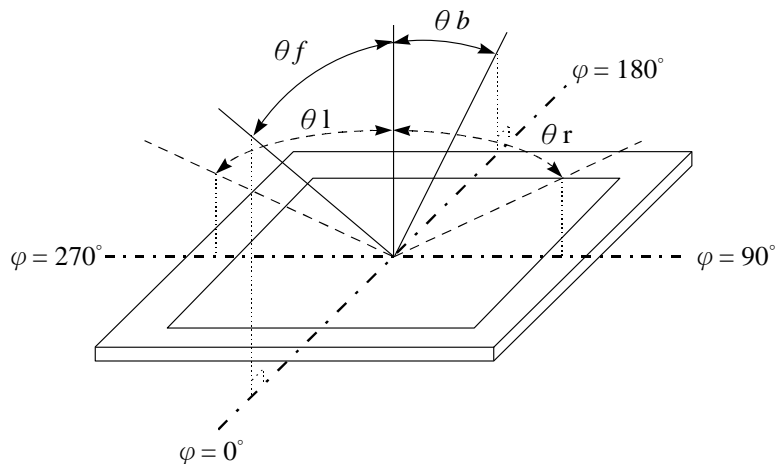
### Definition of Response Time (Tr, Tf)



### Conditions :

Operating Voltage : Vop      Viewing Angle( $\theta$  ,  $\varphi$ ) :  $0^\circ$  ,  $0^\circ$   
 Frame Frequency : 64 HZ      Driving Waveform : 1/N duty , 1/a bias

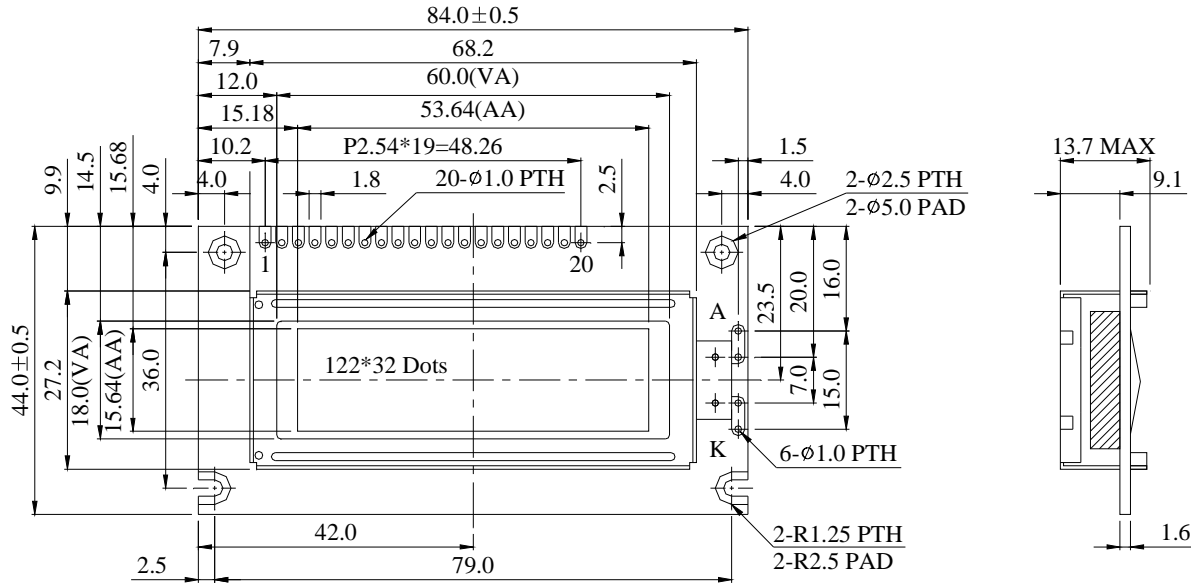
### Definition of viewing angle( $CR \geq 2$ )



## **7.Interface Description**

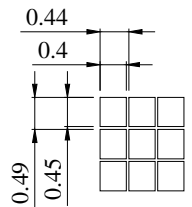
Pin No.	Symbol	Level	Description
1	V <sub>ss</sub>	0V	Ground
2	V <sub>dd</sub>	5V	Power supply for logic
3	V <sub>o</sub>	(Variable)	Operating voltage for LCD
4	A0	H/L	H : Data L : Instruction
5	CS1	H/L	Chip select signal for IC1
6	CS2	H/L	Chip select signal for IC2
7	CL	—	External clock 2KHz
8	E	H/L	Enable Signal (/RD is for 80 series MPU read signal)
9	R <sup>W</sup>	H/L	H : Read ; L : Write
10	DB0	H/L	Data bus line
11	DB1	H/L	Data bus line
12	DB2	H/L	Data bus line
13	DB3	H/L	Data bus line
14	DB4	H/L	Data bus line
15	DB5	H/L	Data bus line
16	DB6	H/L	Data bus line
17	DB7	H/L	Data bus line
18	RES	H/L	68-series MPU when H→L the LCM is reset. 80- series MPU when L→H the LCM is reset. High level:68-series MPU interface Low level:80-series MPU interface
19	A	—	LED+
20	K	—	LED-

# 8. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram

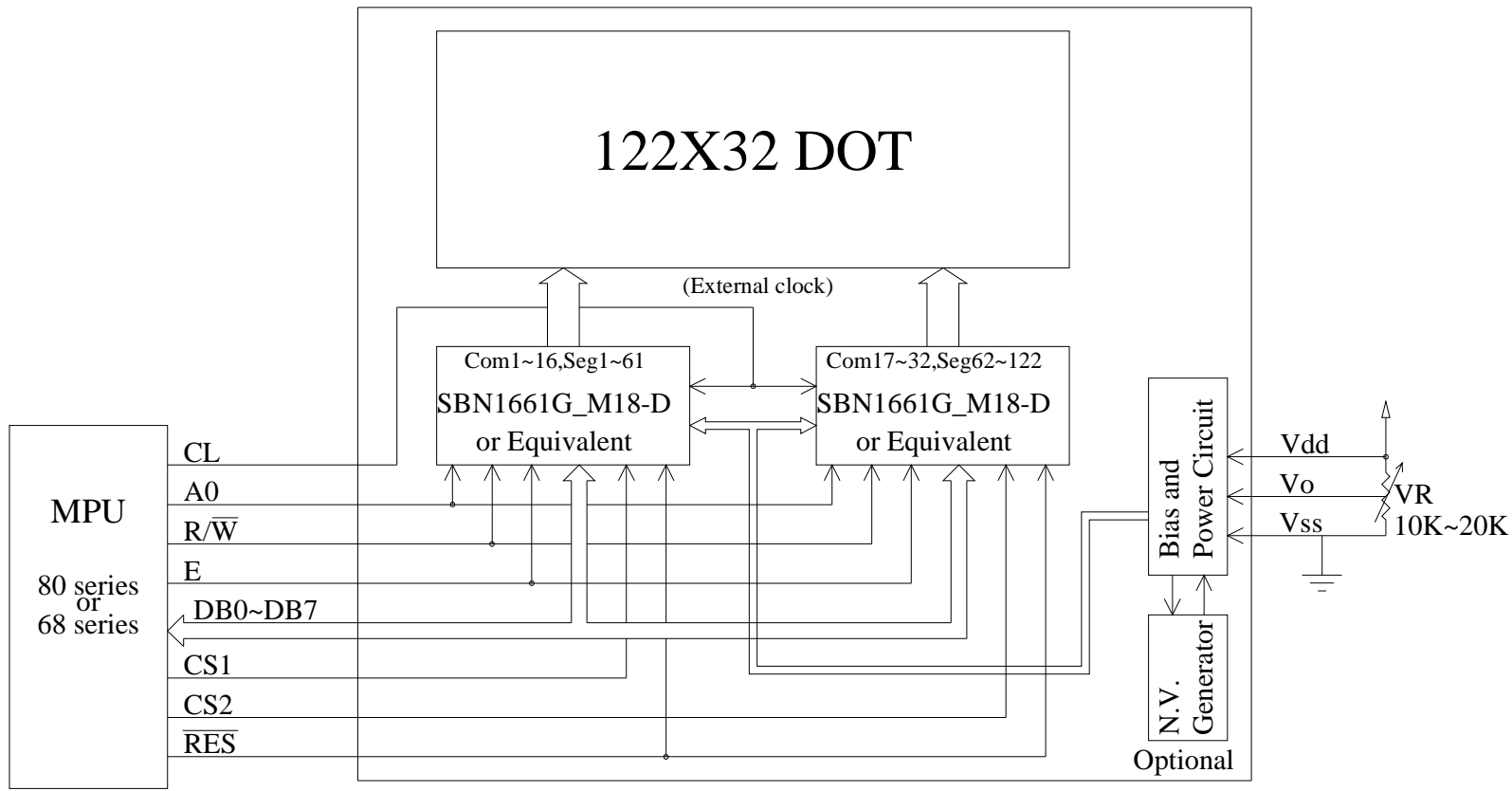


PIN NO.	SYMBOL
1	V <sub>ss</sub>
2	V <sub>dd</sub>
3	V <sub>o</sub>
4	A0
5	CS1
6	CS2
7	CL
8	E
9	R/W
10	DB0
11	DB1
12	DB2
13	DB3
14	DB4
15	DB5
16	DB6
17	DB7
18	RES
19	A
20	K

LED B/L



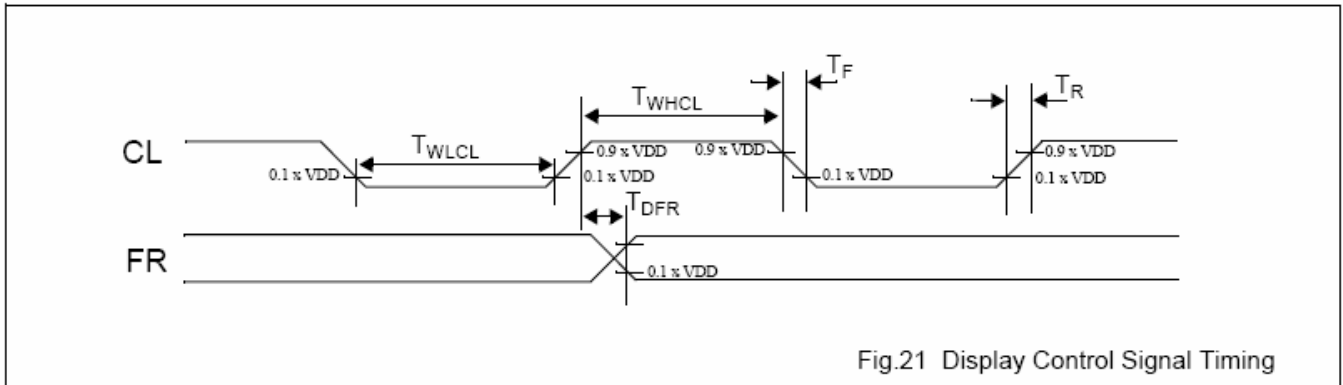
DOT SIZE  
SCALE 10/1



External contrast adjustment.

# 9. Timing Characteristics

## • CL and FR timing



CL and FR timing characteristics at VDD=5 volts

VDD = 5 V ±10%; VSS = 0 V; all voltages with respect to VSS unless otherwise specified; Tamb = -20 to +75 °C.

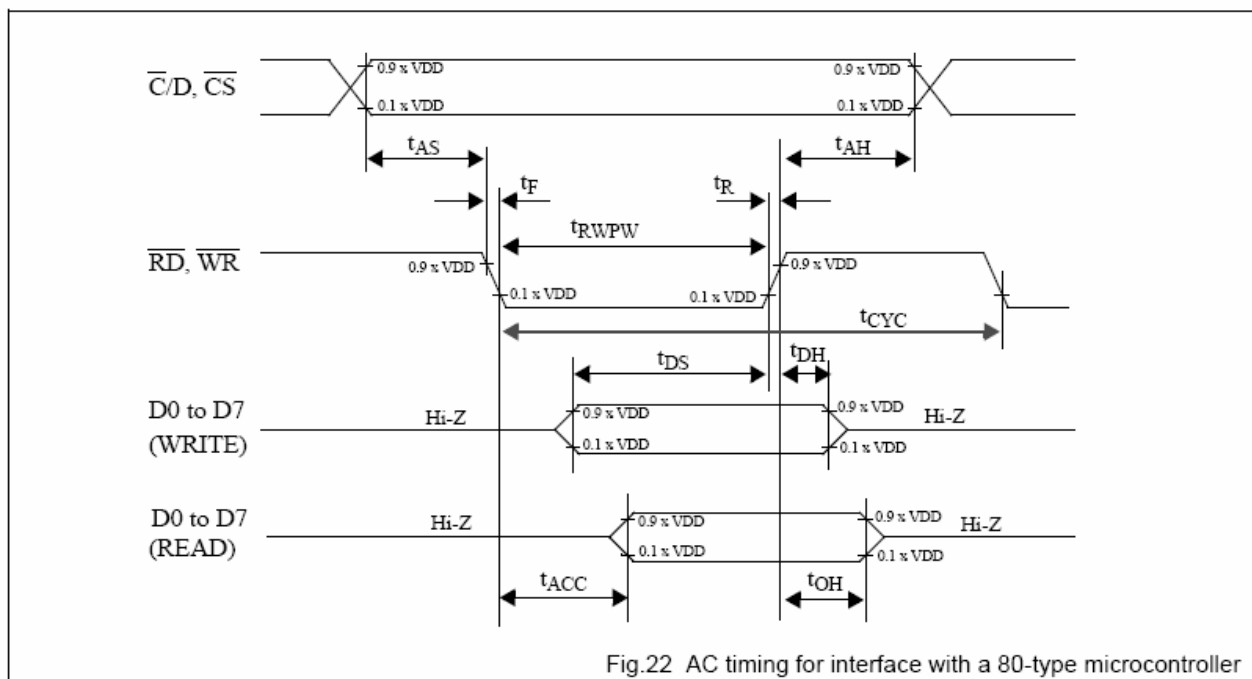
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
T <sub>WHCL</sub>	CL clock high pulse width		33			μs
T <sub>WLCL</sub>	CL clock low pulse width		33			μs
T <sub>R</sub>	CL clock rise time			28	120	ns
T <sub>F</sub>	CL clock fall time			28	120	ns
T <sub>DFR(input)</sub>	FR delay time (input)	When used as input in Slave Mode application	-2.0	0.2	1.6	μs
T <sub>DFR(output)</sub>	FR delay time (output)	When used as output in Master Mode application, with CL= 100 pF.		0.2	0.36	μs

CL and FR timing characteristics at VDD=3 volts

VDD = 3 V ±10%; VSS = 0 V; all voltages with respect to VSS unless otherwise specified; Tamb = -20 to +75 °C.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
T <sub>WHCL</sub>	CL clock high pulse width		65			μs
T <sub>WLCL</sub>	CL clock low pulse width		65			μs
T <sub>R</sub>	CL clock rise time			50	220	ns
T <sub>F</sub>	CL clock fall time			50	220	ns
T <sub>DFR(input)</sub>	FR delay time (input)	When used as input in Slave Mode application	-3.6	0.36	3.6	μs
T <sub>DFR(output)</sub>	FR delay time (output)	When used as output in Master Mode application, with CL= 100 pF.		0.32	0.6	μs

## AC timing for interface with an 80-type microcontroller



AC

timing for interface with a 80-type microcontorller at  $V_{DD}=5$  volts  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ;  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = -20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+75\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

symbol	parameter	min.	max.	test conditons	unit
$t_{AS}$	Address set-up time	20			ns
$t_{AH}$	Address hold time	10			ns
$t_F, t_R$	Read/Write pulse falling/rising time		15		ns
$t_{RWPW}$	Read/Write pulse width	200			ns
$t_{CYC}$	System cycle time	1000			ns
$t_{DS}$	Data setup time	80			ns
$t_{DH}$	Data hold time	10			ns
$t_{ACC}$	Data READ access time		90	$CL = 100\text{ pF}$ .	ns
$t_{OH}$	Data READ output hold time	10	60	Refer to Fig. 23.	ns

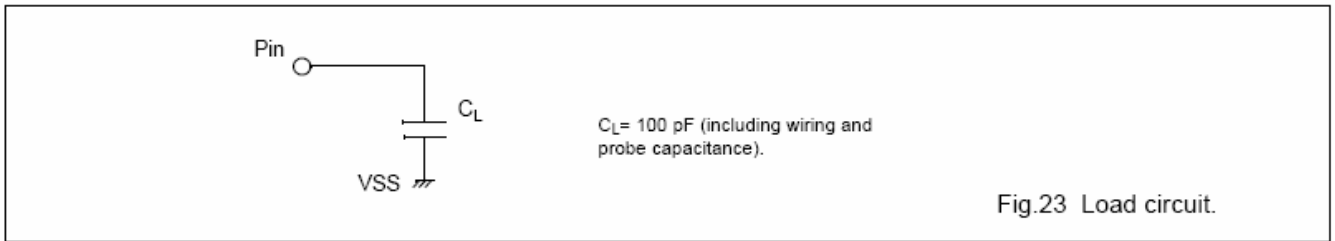
AC timing for interface with an 80-type microcontorller at  $V_{DD}=3$  volts  $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ;  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = -20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+75\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

symbol	parameter	min.	max.	test conditons	unit
$t_{AS}$	Address set-up time	40			ns
$t_{AH}$	Address hold time	20			ns
$t_F, t_R$	Read/Write pulse falling/rising time		15		ns
$t_{RWPW}$	Read/Write pulse width	400			ns
$t_{CYC}$	System cycle time	2000			ns
$t_{DS}$	Data setup time	160			ns

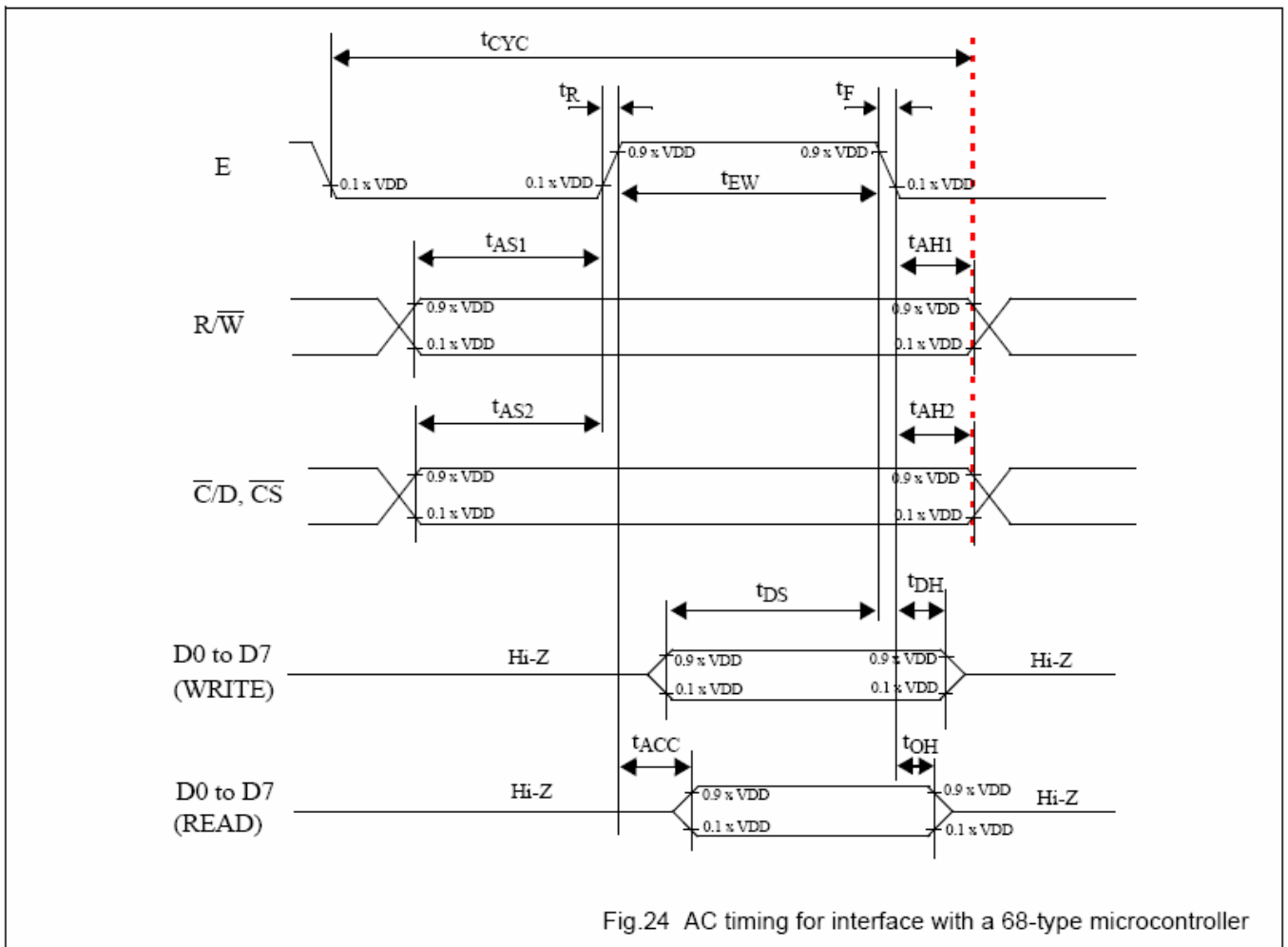
symbol	parameter	min.	max.	test conditons	unit
$t_{DH}$	Data hold time	20			ns
$t_{ACC}$	Data READ access time		180	$C_L = 100 \text{ pF}$ ,	ns
$t_{OH}$	Data READ output hold time	20	120	Refer to 23.	ns

**Note:**

The measurement is with the load circuit connected. The load circuit is shown in Fig. 23.



**AC timing for interface with a 68-type microcontroller**



AC timing for interface with a 68-type microcontroller at  $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ volts}$   $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ;  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ;

Tamb = -20 °C to +75°C.

symbol	parameter	min.	max.	test conditons	unit
t <sub>AS1</sub>	Address set-up time with respect to R/W	20			ns
t <sub>AS2</sub>	Address set-up time with respect to $\overline{C/D}$ , $\overline{CS}$	20			ns
t <sub>AH1</sub>	Address hold time with respect to R/W	10			ns
t <sub>AH2</sub>	Address hold time respect with to $\overline{C/D}$ , $\overline{CS}$	10			ns
t <sub>F</sub> , t <sub>R</sub>	Enable (E) pulse falling/rising time		15		ns
t <sub>CYC</sub>	System cycle time	1000		Note 1	ns
t <sub>EWR</sub>	Enable pulse width for READ	100			ns
t <sub>EWV</sub>	Enable pulse width for WRITE	80			ns
t <sub>DS</sub>	Data setup time	80			ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data hold time	10			ns
t <sub>ACC</sub>	Data access time		90	CL= 100 pF.	ns
t <sub>OH</sub>	Data output hold time	10	60	Refer to Fig. 23.	ns

AC timing for interface with a 68-type microcontroller at VDD=3 volts VDD = 3 V ±10%; VSS = 0 V;  
Tamb = -20 °C to +75°C.

symbol	parameter	min.	max.	test conditons	unit
t <sub>AS1</sub>	Address set-up time with respect to R/W	40			ns
t <sub>AS2</sub>	Address set-up time with respect to $\overline{C/D}$ , $\overline{CS}$	40			ns
t <sub>AH1</sub>	Address hold time with respect to R/W	20			ns
t <sub>AH2</sub>	Address hold time respect with to $\overline{C/D}$ , $\overline{CS}$	20			ns
t <sub>F</sub> , t <sub>R</sub>	Enable (E) pulse falling/rising time		15		ns
t <sub>CYC</sub>	System cycle time	2000		Note 1	ns
t <sub>EWR</sub>	Enable pulse width for READ	200			ns
t <sub>EWV</sub>	Enable pulse width for WRITE	160			ns
t <sub>DS</sub>	Data setup time	160			ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data hold time	20			ns
t <sub>ACC</sub>	Data access time		180	CL= 100 pF.	ns
t <sub>OH</sub>	Data output hold time	20	120	Refer to Fig. 23.	ns

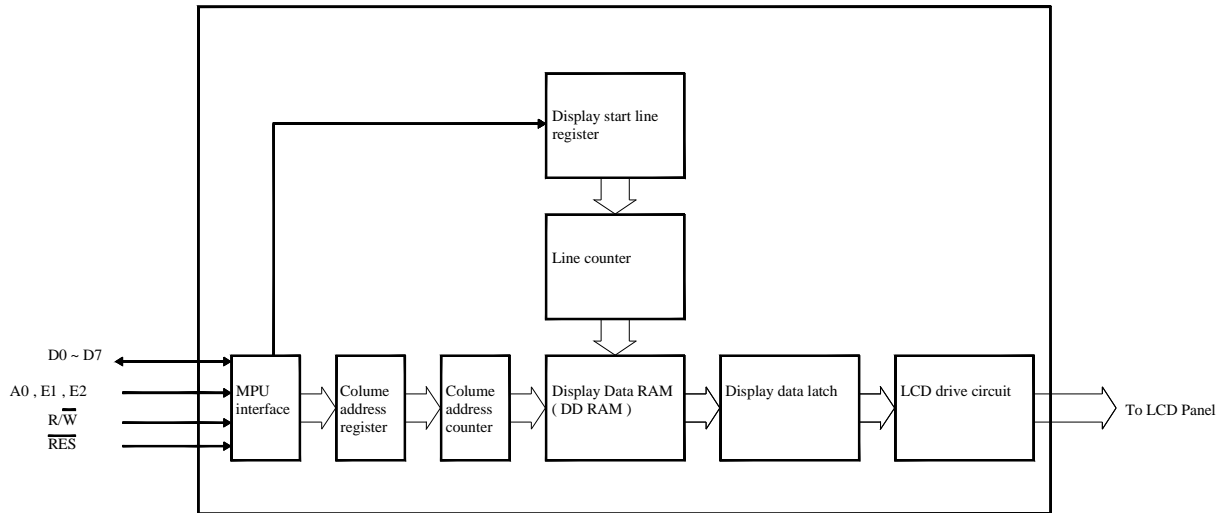
**Note:**

1. The system cycle time(t<sub>CYC</sub>) is the time duration from the time when Chip Enable is enabled to the time when Chip Select is released.

# 10. Function Description

## ◆ Block Diagram

This 122x32 dots LCD Module built in two SBN1661G\_M18-D LSI controller.



## ◆ MPU interface

The SBN1661G\_M18-D controller transfers data via 8-bit bidirectional data buses (D0 to D7), it can fit any MPU if it corresponds to SBN1661G\_M18-D Read and Write Timing Characteristics.

## ◆ Data transfer

The SBN1661G\_M18-D driver uses the A0, E and R/W signals to transfer data between the system MPU and internal registers, The combinations used are given in the table below.

A0	R/W	Function
1	1	Read display data
1	0	Write display data
0	1	Read status
0	0	Write to internal register (command)

### ◆Busy flag

When the Busy flag is logical 1, the SBN1661G\_M18-D series is executing its internal operations. Any command other than Status Read is rejected during this time. The Busy flag is output at pin D7 by the Status Read command. If an appropriate cycle time ( $t_{CYC}$ ) is given, this flag needs not be checked at the beginning of each command and, therefore, the MPU processing capacity can greatly be enhanced.

### ◆Display Start Line and Line Count Registers

The contents of this register form a pointer to a line of data in display data RAM corresponding to the first line of the display (COM0), and are set by the Display Start Line command.

### ◆Column Address Counter

The column address counter is a 7-bit presettable counter that supplies the column address for MPU access to the display data RAM. See Figure 1. The counter is incremented by one every time the driver receives a Read or Write Display Data command. Addresses above 50H are invalid, and the counter will not increment past this value. The contents of the column address counter are set with the Set Column Address command.

### ◆Display Data RAM

The display data RAM stores the LCD display data, on a 1-bit per pixel basis. The relationship between display data, display address and the display is shown in Figure 1.

### ◆Page Register

The page register is a 2-bit register that supplies the page address for MPU access to the display data RAM. See Figure 1. The contents of the page register are set by the Set Page Register command.

Page address	DATA	Line address	Common output		
D1,D2=0,0	D0	00H	COM 0		
	D1	01H	COM 1		
	D2	02H	COM 2		
	D3	03H	COM 3		
	D4	04H	COM 4		
	D5	05H	COM 5		
	D6	06H	COM 6		
	D7	07H	COM 7		
0,1	D0	08H	COM 8		
	D1	09H	COM 9		
	D2	0AH	COM 10		
	D3	0BH	COM 11		
	D4	0CH	COM 12		
	D5	0DH	COM 13		
	D6	0EH	COM 14		
	D7	0FH	COM 15		
1,0	D0	10H	COM 16		
	D1	11H	COM 17		
	D2	12H	COM 18		
	D3	13H	COM 19		
	D4	14H	COM 20		
	D5	15H	COM 21		
	D6	16H	COM 22		
	D7	17H	COM 23		
1,1	D0	18H	COM 24		
	D1	19H	COM 25		
	D2	1AH	COM 26		
	D3	1BH	COM 27		
	D4	1CH	COM 28		
	D5	1DH	COM 29		
	D6	1EH	COM 30		
	D7	1FH	COM 31		
Coloum address	ADC	D0=0	4FH	00H	80
		D0=1	4EH	01H	79
Coloum address	ADC	seg pin	3AH	02H	78
			3BH		
			3CH		
			3AH		59
			3BH		60
			3CH		61
			3AH		
			4DH		
			4EH		
			4FH		
			06H	49H	7
			05H	4AH	6
			04H	4BH	5
			03H	4CH	4
			02H	4DH	3
			01H	4EH	2
			00H	4FH	1

Figure 1: page and column address

\* The 122\*32 dots display area is consist of two 61\*32, The interface control pin E1 enable the left 61\*32,E2 enable the right 61\*32.

# 11. Commands Descriptions

The host microcontroller can issue commands to the SBN1661G\_X. Table 27 lists all the commands. When issuing a command, the host microcontroller should put the command code on the data bus. The host microcontroller should also give the control bus C/D, E(RD), and R/W(WR) proper value and timing.

## Commands

COMMAND	COMMAND CODE								FUNCTION
	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Write Display Data	Data to be written into the Display Data Memory.								Write a byte of data to the Display Data Memory.
Read Display Data	Data read from the Display Data Memory.								Read a byte of data from the Display Data Memory.
Read-Modify-Write	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	Start Read-Modify-Write operation.
END	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	Stop Read-Modify-Write operation.
Software Reset	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	Software Reset.

### Write Display Data

The Write Display Data command writes a byte (8 bits) of data to the Display Data Memory. Data is put on the data bus by the host microcontroller. The location which accepts this byte of data is pointed to by the Page Address Register and the Column Address Register. At the end of the command operation, the content of the Column Address Register is automatically incremented by 1.

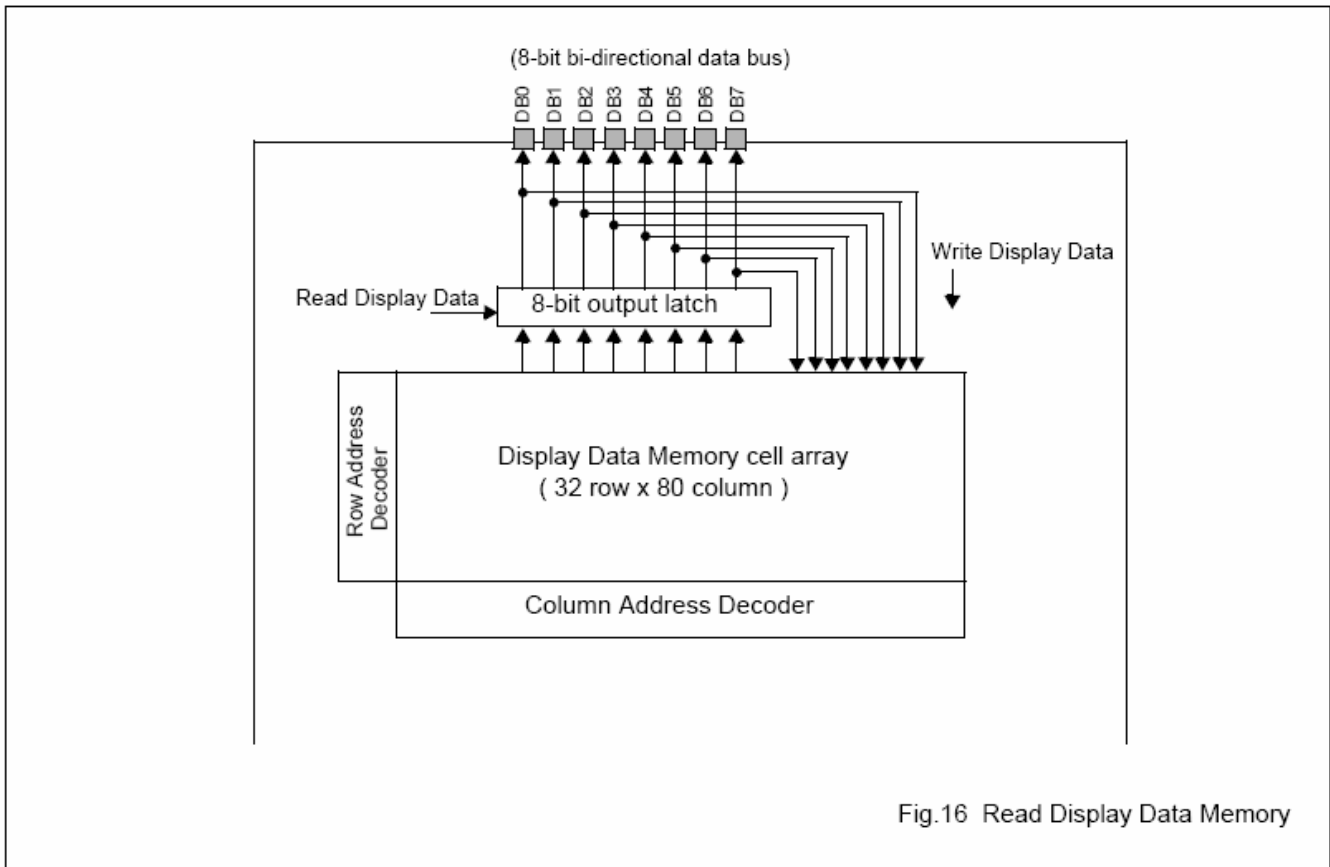
### The setting of the control bus for issuing Write Display Data command

$\overline{C/D}$	$E/(\overline{RD})$	$R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$
1	1	0

### Read Display Data

The Read Display Data command starts a 3-step operation.

1. First, the current data of the internal 8-bit output latch of the Display Data Memory is read by the microcontroller, via the 8-bit data bus DB0~DB7.
2. Then, a byte of data of the Display Data Memory is transferred to the 8-bit output latch from a location specified by the Page Address Register and the Column Address Register,
3. Finally, the content of the Column Address Register is automatically incremented by one. Fig. 16 shows the internal 8-bit output latch located between the 8-bit I/O data bus and the Display Data Memory cell array. Because of this internal 8-bit output latch, a dummy read is needed to obtain correct data from the Display Data Memory. For Display Data Write operation, a dummy write **is not** needed, because data can be directly written from the data bus to internal memory cells.



**The setting of the control bus for issuing Read Display Data command**

$\overline{C}/D$	$E/(\overline{RD})$	$R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$
1	0	1

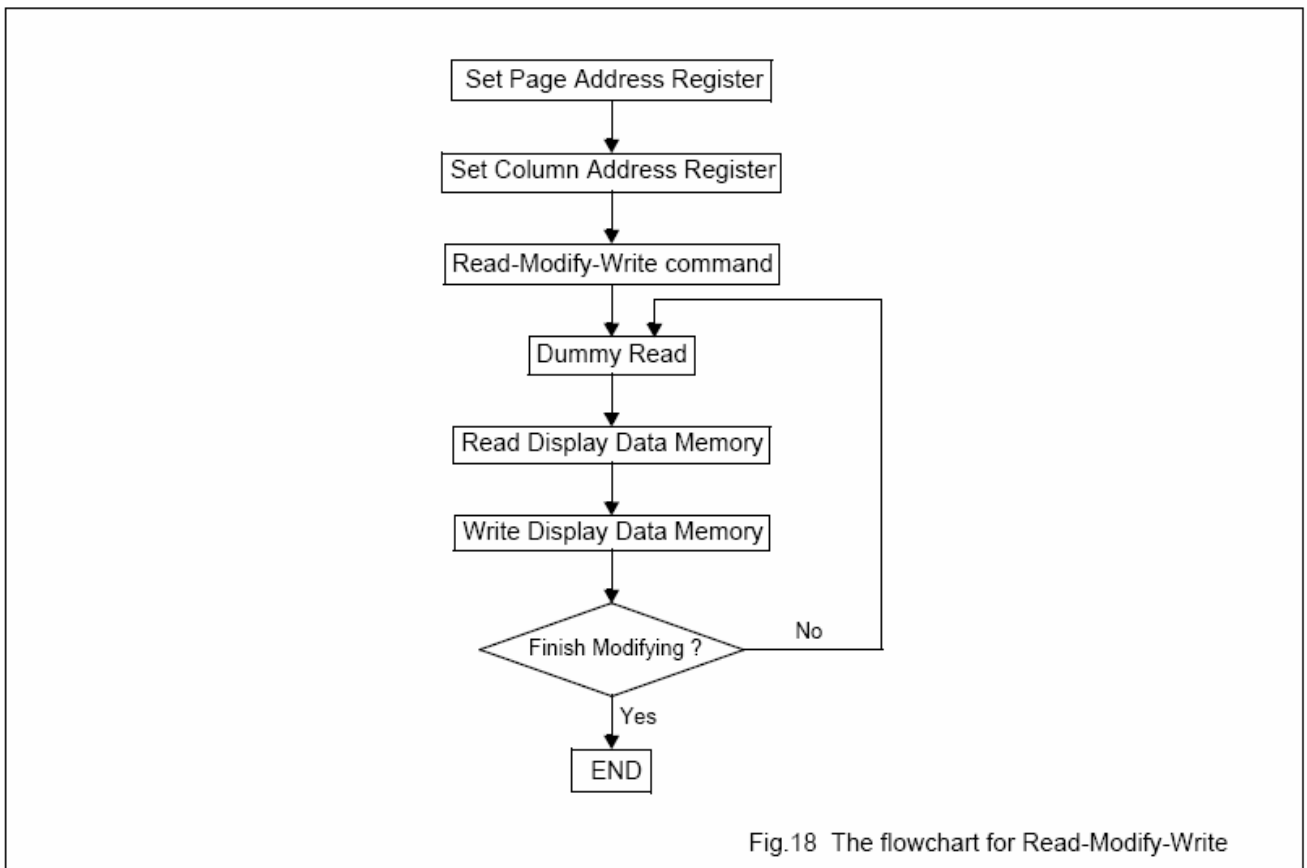
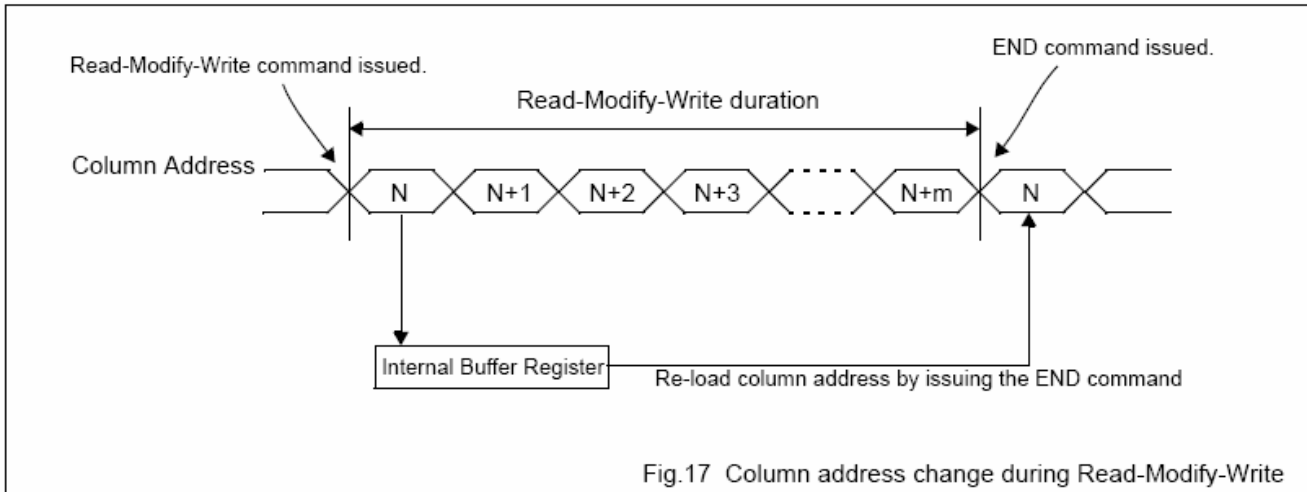
**Read-Modify-Write**

When the Read-Modify-Write command is issued, the SBN1661G\_X enters into Read-Modify-Write mode. In normal operation, when a Read Display Data command or a Write Display Data command is issued, the content of the Column Address Register is automatically incremented by one after the command operation is finished. However, during Read-Modify-Write mode, the content of the Column Address Register is not incremented by one after a Read Display Data command is finished; only the Write Display Data command can make the content of the Column Address Register automatically incremented by one after the command operation is finished.

During Read-Modify-Write mode, any other registers, except the Column Address Register, can be modified. This command is useful when a block of the Display Data Memory needs to be repeatedly read and updated.

Fig. 17 gives the change sequence of the Column Address Register during Read-Modify-Write mode.

Figure 18 gives the flow chart for Read-Modify-Write command.



**The setting of the control bus for the Read-Modify-Write command**

$\overline{C}/D$	$E/(\overline{RD})$	$R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$
0	1	0

**The setting of the data bus for the Read-Modify-Write command**

D7(MSB)	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0(LSB)
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0

**The END command**

The END command releases the Read-Modify-Write mode and re-loads the Column Address Register with the value previously stored in the internal buffer (refer to Fig. 17) when the Read-Modify-Write command was issued.

**The setting of the control bus for the END command**

$\overline{C}/D$	$E/(\overline{RD})$	$R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$
0	1	0

**The setting of the data bus for the END command**

D7(MSB)	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0(LSB)
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0

The command code is EE Hex.

**Software RESET command**

The Software Reset command is different from the hardware reset and can not be used to replace hardware reset.

When Software Reset is issued by the host microcontroller,

- the content of the Display Start Line Register is cleared to zero(A4~A0=00000),
- the Page Address Register is set to 3 (A1 A0 = 11),
- the content of the Display Data Memory remains unchanged.
- the content of all other registers remains unchanged.

**The setting of the control bus for Software RESET**

$\overline{C}/D$	$E/(\overline{RD})$	$R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$
0	1	0

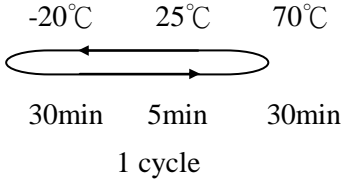
The setting of the data bus for Software RESET

D7(MSB)	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0(LSB)
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0

The command code is E2 Hex.

# 12. Reliability

## Content of Reliability Test (wide temperature, -20°C~70°C)

Environmental Test			
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Note
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80°C 200hrs	2
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	-30°C 200hrs	1,2
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	70°C 200hrs	—
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-20°C 200hrs	1
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	The module should be allowed to stand at 60°C, 90%RH max For 96hrs under no-load condition excluding the polarizer, Then taking it out and drying it at normal temperature.	60°C, 90%RH 96hrs	1,2
Thermal shock resistance	The sample should be allowed stand the following 10 cycles of operation 	-20°C/70°C 10 cycles	—
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Total fixed amplitude : 1.5mm Vibration Frequency : 10~55Hz One cycle 60 seconds to 3 directions of X, Y, Z for Each 15 minutes	3
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=800V, RS=1.5kΩ CS=100pF 1 time	—

**Note1: No dew condensation to be observed.**

**Note2: The function test shall be conducted after 4 hours storage at the normal Temperature and humidity after remove from the test chamber.**

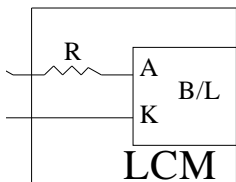
**Note3: Vibration test will be conducted to the product itself without putting it in a container.**

# 13. Backlight Information

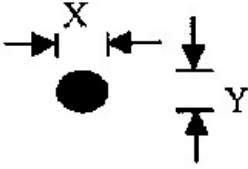
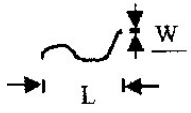
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Supply Current	I <sub>LED</sub>	96	120	180	mA	V=4.5V
Supply Voltage	V	4.0	4.5	5.0	V	—
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	—	—	8	V	—
Luminous Intensity	I <sub>V</sub>	157.8	197.3	—	CD/M <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>LED</sub> =120mA
Wave Length	λ <sub>p</sub>	565	570	575	nm	I <sub>LED</sub> =120mA
Life Time	—	—	100000	—	Hr.	I <sub>LED</sub> =120mA
Color	Yellow Green					

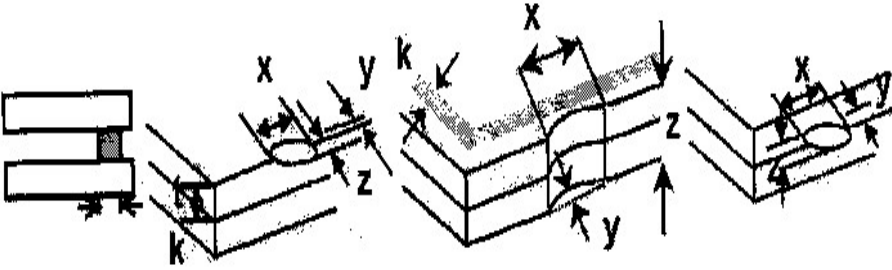
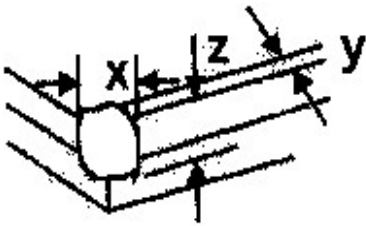
Note: The LED of B/L is drive by current only, drive voltage is for reference only. drive voltage can make driving current under safety area (current between minimum and maximum).

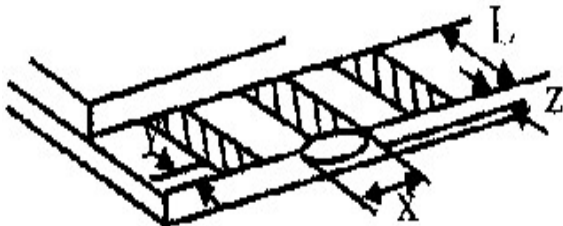
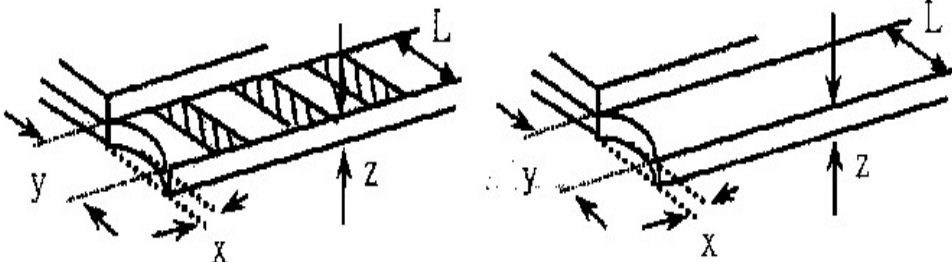
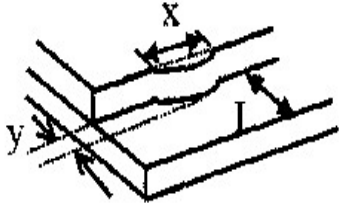
.Drive from pin19,pin20

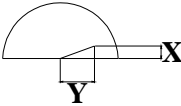


# 14. Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL													
01	Electrical Testing	1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character , dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 LCD viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect.	0.65													
02	Black or white spots on LCD (display only)	2.1 White and black spots on display $\leq 0.25\text{mm}$ , no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm	2.5													
03	LCD black spots, white spots, contamination (non-display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawing $\Phi = (x + y) / 2$  <table border="1" data-bbox="874 1097 1353 1344"> <thead> <tr> <th>SIZE</th> <th>Acceptable Q TY</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.10</math></td> <td>Accept no dense</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.10 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.20</math></td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.20 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.25</math></td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.25 &lt; \Phi</math></td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	SIZE	Acceptable Q TY	$\Phi \leq 0.10$	Accept no dense	$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$	2	$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	1	$0.25 < \Phi$	0	2.5			
		SIZE	Acceptable Q TY													
$\Phi \leq 0.10$	Accept no dense															
$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$	2															
$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	1															
$0.25 < \Phi$	0															
3.2 Line type : (As following drawing)  <table border="1" data-bbox="710 1406 1353 1653"> <thead> <tr> <th>Length</th> <th>Width</th> <th>Acceptable Q TY</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>---</td> <td><math>W \leq 0.02</math></td> <td>Accept no dense</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>L \leq 3.0</math></td> <td><math>0.02 &lt; W \leq 0.03</math></td> <td rowspan="2">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>L \leq 2.5</math></td> <td><math>0.03 &lt; W \leq 0.05</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td>---</td> <td><math>0.05 &lt; W</math></td> <td>As round type</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Length	Width	Acceptable Q TY	---	$W \leq 0.02$	Accept no dense	$L \leq 3.0$	$0.02 < W \leq 0.03$	2	$L \leq 2.5$	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	---	$0.05 < W$	As round type	2.5	
Length	Width	Acceptable Q TY														
---	$W \leq 0.02$	Accept no dense														
$L \leq 3.0$	$0.02 < W \leq 0.03$	2														
$L \leq 2.5$	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$															
---	$0.05 < W$	As round type														
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction.	<table border="1" data-bbox="842 1729 1353 2022"> <thead> <tr> <th>Size <math>\Phi</math></th> <th>Acceptable Q TY</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.20</math></td> <td>Accept no dense</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.20 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.50</math></td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.50 &lt; \Phi \leq 1.00</math></td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>1.00 &lt; \Phi</math></td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Total Q TY</b></td> <td><b>3</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Size $\Phi$	Acceptable Q TY	$\Phi \leq 0.20$	Accept no dense	$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$	3	$0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$	2	$1.00 < \Phi$	0	<b>Total Q TY</b>	<b>3</b>	2.5
Size $\Phi$	Acceptable Q TY															
$\Phi \leq 0.20$	Accept no dense															
$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$	3															
$0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$	2															
$1.00 < \Phi$	0															
<b>Total Q TY</b>	<b>3</b>															

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL																		
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 LCD black spots, white spots, contamination																			
06	Chipped glass	<p>Symbols Define:  x: Chip length      y: Chip width      z: Chip thickness  k: Seal width      t: Glass thickness      a: LCD side length  L: Electrode pad length:</p> <p>6.1 General glass chip :  6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="419 1048 1316 1272"> <thead> <tr> <th>z: Chip thickness</th> <th>y: Chip width</th> <th>x: Chip length</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>Z \leq 1/2t</math></td> <td>Not over viewing area</td> <td><math>x \leq 1/8a</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>1/2t &lt; z \leq 2t</math></td> <td>Not exceed 1/3k</td> <td><math>x \leq 1/8a</math></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>⊙ If there are 2 or more chips, x is total length of each chip.</p> <p>6.1.2 Corner crack:</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="419 1697 1316 1921"> <thead> <tr> <th>z: Chip thickness</th> <th>y: Chip width</th> <th>x: Chip length</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>Z \leq 1/2t</math></td> <td>Not over viewing area</td> <td><math>x \leq 1/8a</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>1/2t &lt; z \leq 2t</math></td> <td>Not exceed 1/3k</td> <td><math>x \leq 1/8a</math></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>⊙ If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.</p>	z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$	$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed 1/3k	$x \leq 1/8a$	z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$	$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed 1/3k	$x \leq 1/8a$	2.5
z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length																			
$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$																			
$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed 1/3k	$x \leq 1/8a$																			
z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length																			
$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$																			
$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed 1/3k	$x \leq 1/8a$																			

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL						
06	Glass crack	<p>Symbols :</p> <p>x: Chip length      y: Chip width      z: Chip thickness  k: Seal width      t: Glass thickness      a: LCD side length  L: Electrode pad length</p> <p>6.2 Protrusion over terminal :</p> <p>6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad :</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="354 833 1265 931"> <tr> <td>y: Chip width</td> <td>x: Chip length</td> <td>z: Chip thickness</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>y \leq 0.5\text{mm}</math></td> <td><math>x \leq 1/8a</math></td> <td><math>0 &lt; z \leq t</math></td> </tr> </table>	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness	$y \leq 0.5\text{mm}$	$x \leq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leq t$	2.5
		y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness					
		$y \leq 0.5\text{mm}$	$x \leq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leq t$					
		<p>6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="427 1317 1265 1415"> <tr> <td>y: Chip width</td> <td>x: Chip length</td> <td>z: Chip thickness</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>y \leq L</math></td> <td><math>x \leq 1/8a</math></td> <td><math>0 &lt; z \leq t</math></td> </tr> </table>	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness	$y \leq L$	$x \leq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leq t$	
y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness							
$y \leq L$	$x \leq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leq t$							
<p>⊙ If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal specifications.</p> <p>⊙ If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment mark not be damaged.</p>									
<p>6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="762 1668 1270 1769"> <tr> <td>y: width</td> <td>x: length</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>y \leq 1/3L</math></td> <td><math>x \leq a</math></td> </tr> </table>	y: width	x: length	$y \leq 1/3L$	$x \leq a$					
y: width	x: length								
$y \leq 1/3L$	$x \leq a$								

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The LCD with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using LCD spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.	0.65 2.5 0.65
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination. 9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, LED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down. 10.9 The Scraping testing standard for Copper Coating of PCB  $X * Y \leq 2\text{mm}^2$	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5
11	Soldering	11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
12	General appearance	12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.	2.5
		12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.	0.65
		12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.	2.5
		12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.	2.5
		12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.	2.5
		12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.	2.5
		12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.	2.5
		12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.	0.65
		12.9 LCD pin loose or missing pins.	0.65
		12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.	0.65
		12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.	0.65

# 15. Material List of Components for RoHs

1. WINSTAR Display Co., Ltd hereby declares that all of or part of products (with the mark “#”in code), including, but not limited to, the LCM, accessories or packages, manufactured and/or delivered to your company (including your subsidiaries and affiliated company) directly or indirectly by our company (including our subsidiaries or affiliated companies) do not intentionally contain any of the substances listed in all applicable EU directives and regulations, including the following substances.

Exhibit A : The Harmful Material List

Material	(Cd)	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cr6+)	PBBs	PBDEs
Limited Value	100 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm
Above limited value is set up according to RoHS.						

2.Process for RoHS requirement :

(1) Use the Sn/Ag/Cu soldering surface ; the surface of Pb-free solder is rougher than we used before.

(2) Heat-resistance temp. :

Reflow : 250°C ,30 seconds Max. ;

Connector soldering wave or hand soldering : 320°C , 10 seconds max.

(3) Temp. curve of reflow, max. Temp. : 235±5°C ;

Recommended customer’s soldering temp. of connector : 280°C , 3 seconds.

# 16. Storage

1. Place the panel or module in the temperature 25°C±5°C and the humidity below 65% RH
2. Do not place the module near organics solvents or corrosive gases.
3. Do not crush, shake, or jolt the module.



**1、Panel Specification :**

- 1. Panel Type :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. View Direction :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Numbers of Dots :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. View Area :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Active Area :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Operating Temperature :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. Storage Temperature :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Others : \_\_\_\_\_

**2、Mechanical Specification :**

- 1. PCB Size :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Frame Size :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Material of Frame :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Connector Position :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Fix Hole Position :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Backlight Position :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. Thickness of PCB :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Height of Frame to PCB :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. Height of Module :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- Others :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_

**3、Relative Hole Size :**

- 1. Pitch of Connector :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Hole size of Connector :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Mounting Hole size :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Mounting Hole Type :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Others :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_

**4、Backlight Specification :**

- B/L Type :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- B/L Color :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- B/L Driving Voltage (Reference for LED Type):  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- B/L Driving Current :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- Brightness of B/L :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- B/L Solder Method :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- Others :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_

>> **Go to page 2** <<



**5、Electronic Characteristics of Module :**

- 1. Input Voltage :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Supply Current :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Driving Voltage for LCD :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Contrast for LCD :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. B/L Driving Method :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Negative Voltage Output :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. Interface Function :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. LCD Uniformity :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. ESD test :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_
- 10. Others :  Pass  NG , \_\_\_\_\_

**6、Summary :**

Sales signature : \_\_\_\_\_

Customer Signature : \_\_\_\_\_

Date :    /    /