

KA-1608VWS-A1-10MAV

1.6 x 0.8 mm Surface Mount LED Lamp

DESCRIPTIONS

- The source color devices are made with InGaN on Sapphire substrate Light Emitting Diode
- Electrostatic discharge and power surge could damage the LEDs
- It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs
- All devices, equipments and machineries must be electrically grounded

FEATURES

- 1.6 mm x 0.8 mm, 0.55 mm high, only minimum space required
- Suitable for compact optoelectronic applications
- Low power consumption
- Package: 2000 pcs / reel
- Moisture sensitivity level: 3
- Halogen-free
- RoHS compliant

APPLICATIONS

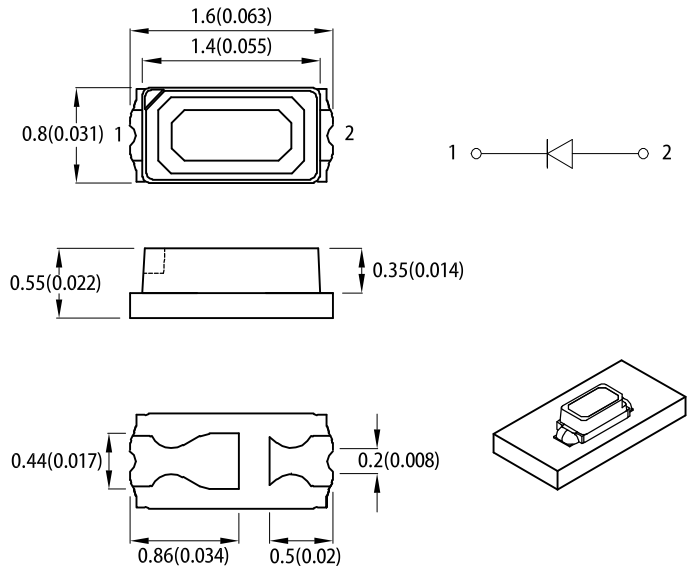
- Backlight
- Status indicator
- Home and smart appliances
- Wearable and portable devices
- Healthcare applications

ATTENTION

Observe precautions for handling electrostatic discharge sensitive devices

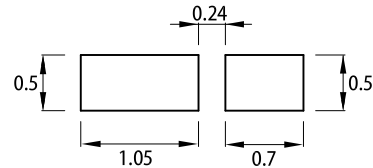


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



RECOMMENDED SOLDERING PATTERN

(units : mm; tolerance : ± 0.1)



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.15(0.006)$ unless otherwise noted.
3. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.
4. The device has a single mounting surface. The device must be mounted according to the specifications.

SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Emitting Color (Material)	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) @ 10mA ^[2]		Viewing Angle ^[1]
			Min.	Typ.	2θ1/2
KA-1608VWS-A1-10MAV	White (InGaN)	Yellow Fluorescent	450	730	120°

Notes:
 1. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
 2. Luminous intensity / luminous flux: $\pm 15\%$.
 3. Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Emitting Color	Value		Unit
			Typ.	Max.	
Chromaticity Coordinates x $I_F = 10\text{mA}$	$x^{[1]}$	White	0.31	-	-
Chromaticity Coordinates y $I_F = 10\text{mA}$	$y^{[1]}$	White	0.31	-	-
Forward Voltage $I_F = 10\text{mA}$	$V_F^{[2]}$	White	3.0	3.4	V
Reverse Current ($V_R = 5\text{V}$)	I_R	White	-	50	μA
Temperature Coefficient of x $I_F = 10\text{mA}$, $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	TC_x	White	-0.18	-	$10^{-3}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
Temperature Coefficient of y $I_F = 10\text{mA}$, $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	TC_y	White	-0.19	-	$10^{-3}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
Temperature Coefficient of V_F $I_F = 10\text{mA}$, $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	TC_V	White	-3.0	-	$\text{mV}/^{\circ}\text{C}$

Notes:

1. Measurement tolerance of the chromaticity coordinates is ± 0.01 .2. Forward voltage: $\pm 0.1\text{V}$.

3. Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	P_D	80	mW
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V
Junction Temperature	T_j	115	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating Temperature	T_{op}	-40 to +85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
DC Forward Current	I_F	20	mA
Peak Forward Current	$I_{FM}^{[1]}$	100	mA
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)	-	250	V
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Ambient)	$R_{th JA}^{[2]}$	380	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Solder point)	$R_{th JS}^{[2]}$	190	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

Notes:

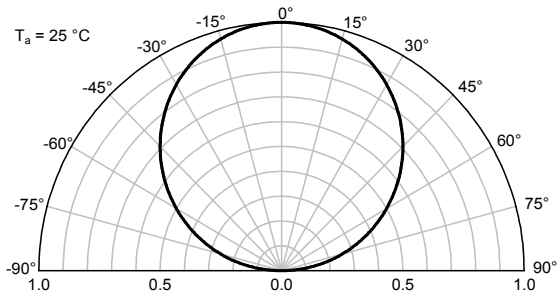
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

2. $R_{th JA}$, $R_{th JS}$ Results from mounting on PC board FR4 (pad size $\geq 16\text{ mm}^2$ per pad).

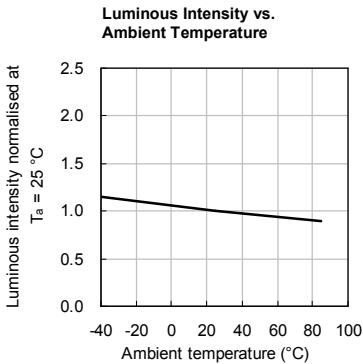
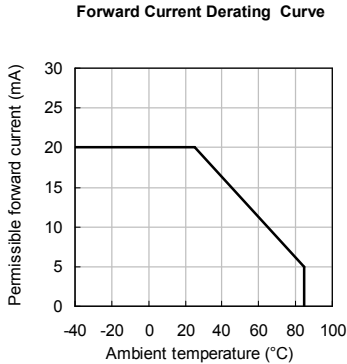
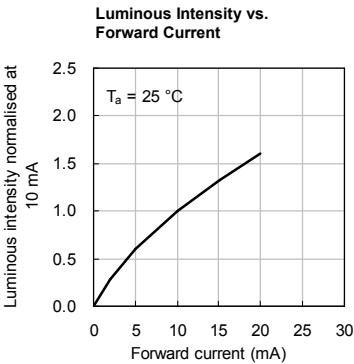
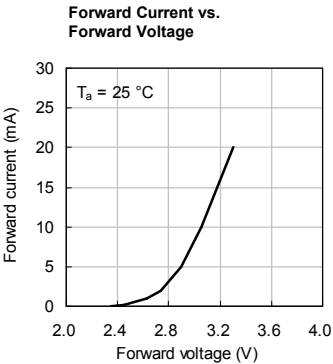
3. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

TECHNICAL DATA

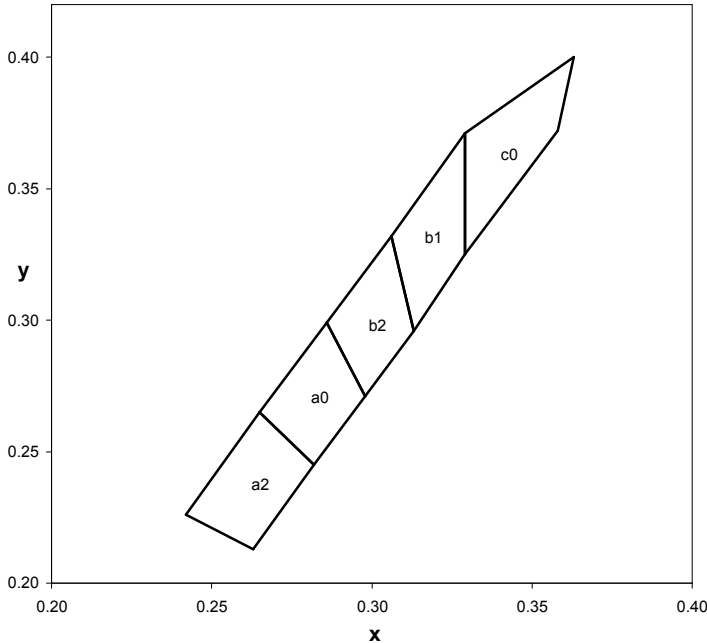
SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



WHITE



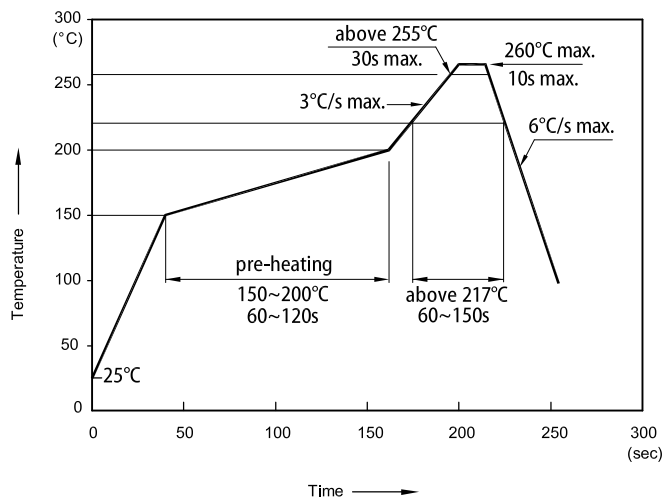
CIE CHROMATICITY DIAGRAM



x			y		
a2	0.263	0.213	a0	0.282	0.245
	0.282	0.245		0.298	0.271
	0.265	0.265		0.286	0.299
	0.242	0.226		0.265	0.265
b2	0.298	0.271	b1	0.313	0.296
	0.313	0.296		0.329	0.325
	0.306	0.332		0.329	0.371
	0.286	0.299		0.306	0.332
c0	0.329	0.325			
	0.358	0.372			
	0.363	0.400			
	0.329	0.371			

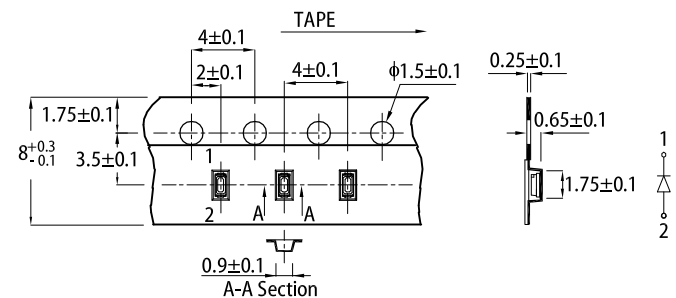
Notes:
Shipment may contain more than one chromaticity regions.
Orders for single chromaticity region are generally not accepted.
Measurement tolerance of the chromaticity coordinates is ±0.01.

REFLOW SOLDERING PROFILE for LEAD-FREE SMD PROCESS

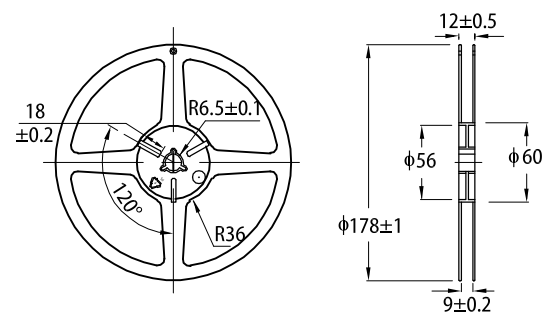


Notes:
 1. Don't cause stress to the LEDs while it is exposed to high temperature.
 2. The maximum number of reflow soldering passes is 2 times.
 3. Reflow soldering is recommended. Other soldering methods are not recommended as they might cause damage to the product.

TAPE SPECIFICATIONS (units : mm)



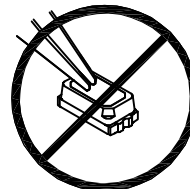
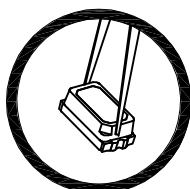
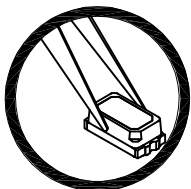
REEL DIMENSION (units : mm)



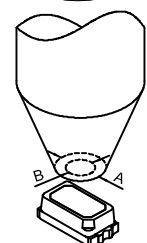
HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more susceptible to damage by external mechanical force. As a result, special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly using silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED.

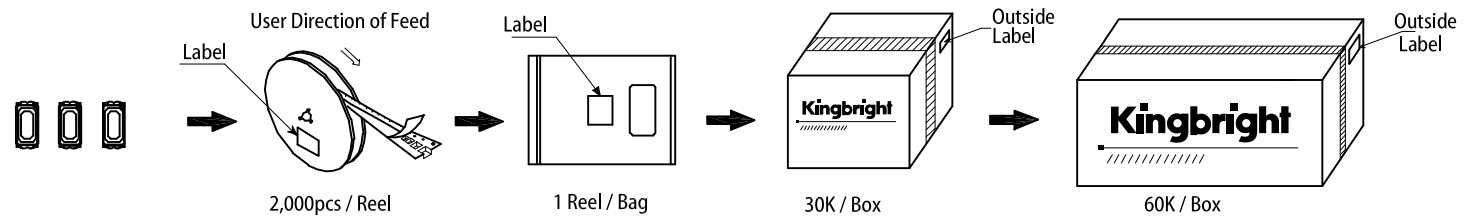
1. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools.
2. Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens surface. It may damage the internal circuitry.
3. Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing exposed LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry.



- 4-1. The inner diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks.
- 4-2. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup.
- 4-3. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production.
5. As silicone encapsulation is permeable to gases, some corrosive substances such as H₂S might corrode silver plating of leadframe. Special care should be taken if an LED with silicone encapsulation is to be used near such substances.



PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS



Kingbright

XXXXXXXXXX-XXXX

PINO: XXXXXXXX

QTY: XXXXXpcs

S/N: XXXX

CODE: XX

COUNTRY: CN

QC DATE: XXX XX XXXX PASSED

LOT NO:

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

(SP)XXXXXXXXXX

RoHS Compliant

PRECAUTIONARY NOTES

1. The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.
2. The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
3. When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Kingbright will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.
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